The Huntingdon Journal.

VOL. 49. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1874. NO. 50.

The Huntingdon Journal.

J. R. DURBORROW, - - J. A. NASH,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

Office in new JOURNAL *Building, Fifth Street.*

THE HUNTINGDON JOURNAL is published every Wednesday, by J. R. DURBORROW and J. A. NASH, under the firm name of J. R. DURBORROW & Co., at $2.00 per annum, IN ADVANCE, or $2.50 if not paid for in six months from date of subscription, and $3 if not paid within the year.

No paper discontinued, unless at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid.

No paper, however, will be sent out of the State unless absolutely paid for in advance.

Transient advertisements will be inserted at TWELVE AND A-HALF CENTS per line for the first insertion, SEVEN AND A-HALF CENTS for the second, and FIVE CENTS per line for all subsequent insertions.

Regular quarterly and yearly business advertisements will be inserted at the following rates :

	3 m	6 m	9 m	1 y		3 m	6 m	9 m	1 y
1 Inch	3 50	4 50	5 50	8 00	¼col	9 00	18 00	$ 27	$ 36
2 "	5 00	8 00	10 00	12 00	½ "	24 00	36 00	50	65
3 "	7 00	10 00	14 00	18 00	½ "	34 00	50 00	65	80
4 "	8 00	14 00	20 00	21 00	1 col	36 00	60 00	80	100

Local notices will be inserted at FIFTEEN CENTS per line for each and every insertion.

All Resolutions of Associations, Communications of limited or individual interest, all party announcements, and notices of Marriages and Deaths, exceeding five lines, will be charged TEN CENTS per line.

Legal and other notices will be charged to the party having them inserted.

Advertising Agents must find their commission outside of these figures.

All advertising accounts are due and collectable when the advertisement is once inserted.

JOB PRINTING of every kind, in Plain and Fancy Colors, done with neatness and dispatch.—Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., of every variety and style, printed at the shortest notice, and every thing in the Printing line will be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.

Professional Cards.

A. P. W. JOHNSTON, Surveyor and Civil Engineer, Huntingdon, Pa.
OFFICE: No. 113 Third Street. aug21,1872.

S. T. BROWN. J. M. BAILEY.

BROWN & BAILEY, Attorneys-at-Law, Office 2d door east of First National Bank. Prompt personal attention will be given to all legal business entrusted to their care, and to the collection and remittance of claims. Jan.7,71.

DR. H. W. BUCHANAN,
DENTIST,
No. 223 Hill Street,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
July 3, '72.

D. CALDWELL, Attorney-at-Law, No. 111, 3d street. Office formerly occupied by Messrs. Woods & Williamson. [ap12,'71.

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH, offers his professional services to the community. Office, No. 523 Washington street, one door east of the Catholic Parsonage. [jan.4,'71.

E. J. GREENE, Dentist. Office removed to Leister's new building, Hill street Huntingdon. [jan.4,'71.

S. E. FLEMING, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa., office 319 Penn street, nearly opposite First National Bank. Prompt and careful attention given to all legal business. Aug.5,'74-6mos.

GEORGE D. BALLANTYNE, M. D., of Pittsburg, graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical College, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office 927 Washington street, West Huntingdon. July22,1874-3mos.

G. L. ROBB, Dentist, office in S. T. Brown's new building, No. 520, *Hill* St., Huntingdon, Pa. [ap12,'71.

H. C. MADDEN, Attorney-at-Law Office, No. —, Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa. [ap.19,'71.

L. S. GEISSINGER, Attorney-at Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Office one doo East of R. M. Speer's office. [Feb.5-1

J. FRANKLIN SCHOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Prompt attention given to all legal business. Office 229 Hill street, corner of Court House Square. [dec.4,'72

J. SYLVANUS BLAIR, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Office, Hill street, hree doors west of Smith. [jan.4'71.

J. R. DURBORROW, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa., will practice in the several Courts of Huntingdon county. Particular attention given to the settlement of estates of decedents.
Office in he JOURNAL Building. [feb.1,'71.

J. W. MATTERN, Attorney-at-Law and General Claim Agent, Huntingdon, Pa., Soldiers' claims against the Government for back pay, bounty, widows' and invalid pensions attended to with great care and promptness.
Office on Hill street. [jan.4,'71.

K. ALLEN LOVELL. J. HALL MUSSER.

LOVELL & MUSSER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Special attention given to COLLECTIONS of all kinds; to the settlement of ESTATES, &c.; and all other legal business prosecuted with fidelity and dispatch. [nov6,'72

R. A. ORBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Patents Obtained, Office, 321 Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa. [may31,'71.

WILLIAM A. FLEMING, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Special attention given to collections, and all other legal business attended to with care and promptness. Office, No. 229, Hill street. [ap19,'71.

Hotels.

JACKSON HOUSE.
FOUR DOORS EAST OF THE UNION DEPOT,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
A. B. ZEIGLER, Prop.
Nov12,'73-6m.

MORRISON HOUSE,
OPPOSITE PENNSYLVANIA R. R. DEPOT
HUNTINGDON, PA.
J. H. CLOVER, Prop.
April 5, 1871-1y.

Miscellaneous.

H. ROBLEY, Merchant Tailor, No. 813 Mifflin street, West Huntingdon, Pa., respectfully solicits a share of public patronage from town and country. [oct16,72.

WM. WILLIAMS,
MANUFACTURER OF
MARBLE MANTLES, MONUMENTS. HEADSTONES, &C.,
HUNTINGDON, PA!
PLASTER PARIS CORNICES, MOULDINGS. &C
ALSO SLATE MANTLES FURNISHED TO ORDER.
Jan. 4, '71.

250 CHOICE BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE,
At $50 pe Lot—Three Year Payments!
These lots lie within 300 hundred yards of the new school house in West Huntingdon; fronting 50 feet on Brady street and running back 150 feet to a 20 foot alley.
Also, ground by the Acre, for building purposes, for sale. Inquire of
E. C. SUMMERS.
Huntingdon, Nov. 26, '73-1y

Printing.

TO ADVERTISERS:

—:o:—

THE HUNTINGDON JOURNAL

PUBLISHED

EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING

BY

J. R. DURBORROW & J. A. NASH.

Office in new JOURNAL building Fifth St

HUNTINGDON, PA.

—:o:—

THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM

IN

CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

—:o:—

CIRCULATION 1800.

—:o:—

HOME AND FOREIGN ADVERTISEMENTS INSERTED ON REASONABLE TERMS.

—:o:—

A FIRST CLASS NEWSPAPER

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$2.00 per annum in advance. $2 50 within six months. $3.00 if not paid within the year.

—:o:—

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ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK DONE

WITH

NEATNESS AND DISPATCH,

AND IN THE

LATEST AND MOST IMPROVED STYLE,

SUCH AS

POSTERS OF ANY SIZE,

CIRCULARS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS,

BALL TICKETS,

PROGRAMMES,

CONCERT TICKETS,

ORDER BOOKS,

SEGAR LABELS,

RECEIPTS,

LEGAL BLANKS

PHOTOGRAPHER'S CARDS,

BILL HEADS,

LETTER HEADS,

PAMPHLETS

PAPER BOOKS,

ETC., ETC., ETC., ETC., ETC.,

—:o:—

Our facilities for doing all kinds of Job Printing superior to any other establishment in the county. Orders by mail promptly filled. All letters should be addressed,

J. R. DURBORROW & CO,

Legal Advertisements.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa. Vend. Exp. and Lev. Fa. to me directed, I will expose to public sale, at the Court House, in Huntingdon, on MONDAY, January 11, 1875, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate, to wit :

All that certain two-story log frame dwelling house, twenty-two feet front and extending back twenty feet, located on a lot or part of a lot of ground fronting twenty-five feet on 10th street in the borough of Huntingdon, Pa., and extending back at right angles thereto one hundred feet, bounded on the west by Samuel Heck, on the north by lot of James Port, and on the east by F. McMurtrie, being a part of lot No. 105 in said borough together with the ground covered by said building, and the lot or piece of ground adjacent and appurtenent to said building or belonging thereto.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of John Smiley, owner or reputed owner and contractor.

ALSO—All of defendant's right, title and interest in all that certain tract of land, situate in the township of Henderson, county of Huntingdon, bounded as follows: on the north by lands of William Davis and Joseph E. Garner, on the south by lands of Peter Swoope, on the east by lands of James Hutchison, and on the west by lands of John Rhodes, containing 50 acres more or less, having thereon erected a log dwelling house, partly weatherboarded, a log barn and other improvements.

Also, all of defendant's right, title and interest in all that certain tract of land, situate in the township of Henderson, county of Huntingdon, Pa., bounded and described as follows: on the north by lands of William Davis and Joseph E. Garner, on the east by lands of James Hutchison, on the west by other lands of the defendant.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of David A. Thompson.

ALSO—All of defendant's right, title and interest in all that certain messuage or tract of land, situate in the township of Dublin, county of Huntingdon, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: on the north by lands of John James and James Kelly, on the east and south by lands of Hugh Wilson, Joseph Smith and Hugh Galiher's claims, and on the west by lands of James Kelley, containing one hundred and fifty acres and sixty-eight perches, be the same more or less, partly cleared and having thereon erected a dwelling house and a barn.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of John Dick.

ALSO—All of defendant's right, title and interest in all that certain tract of land, situate in Jackson township, Huntingdon county, Pa., bounded as follows: beginning at a black oak, thence north fifty-six and one half degrees, east fifty-two perches to a rock oak; thence south thirty-six degrees, east seventy-four perches to stone; thence south fifty-three and a half degrees, west one hundred and thirty-seven perches to a red oak; thence north thirty-two degrees west, one hundred and seventy-six perches to a stone; thence north, fifty-eight degrees east, seventy perches to a maple and thence south thirty-four and one-half degrees east, fifty-two perches to the place of beginning, containing ninety-three acres and one hundred and thirty-five perches, having thereon erected dwelling house, log barn and other improvements.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Jacob F. Little.

ALSO—All that certain farm and plantation situate in West township, Huntingdon county, bounded on the north by land of Samuel Myton's heirs; on the east by lands of Martin Walker; on the south by lands of Andrew Smith and Dr. Peter Shoenberger's heirs, and on the west by lands of Josiah Cunningham, containing about two hundred and twenty-seven acres, more or less, together with all and singular, the buildings, improvements, woods, ways, rights, liberties, privileges, hereditaments and appurtenances to the same belonging or in any wise appertaining, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Stewart Foster.

ALSO—All of defendant's right, title and interest in all that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Mt. Union, Huntingdon county, Pa., fronting 25 feet on Shirley street and extending in depth at right angles thereto 80 feet, being lot No 1 in Jeffries' plot of said borough.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of John Wogan.

☞ Bidders will take notice that 20 per cent. of the purchase money must be paid when the property is knocked down, or it will be put up again for sale. AMON HOUCK,
Dec.16,1874. Sheriff.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, to all persons interested, that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's Office, at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance, at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, on Wednesday, the 14th day of January, next, (1875.) to wit:

1. Account of Michael Cresswell, Administrator of the estate of George C. Booher, late of the borough of Alexandria, dec'd.
2. First and final account of Adam Fouse, Guardian of Amanda Krieger, one of the children and heirs of Henry Kreiger, dec'd., who has arrived at full age.
3. Final account of A. W. Swoope, Administrator of the estate of John C. Weston, late of Mapleton borough, Huntingdon county, dec'd., with Distribution annexed.
4. Account of John A. Weir, Executor of the last Will and Testament of Mrs. Salome Wiestling, late of Huntingdon county, dec'd.
5. Account of Robert Campbell, Guardian of Sanford D. Worley, minor child of James L. Worley, late of Jackson township, dec'd.
6. First and final account of Lewis Snyder, Administrator of the estate of Sebastian Snyder, late of West township, dec'd., with Distribution annexed.
7. First and partial account of David Hare, Administrator of the estate of Jacob Baker, late of Alexandria borough, dec'd.
8. First and final account of V. B. Hirst, Administrator of the estate of Mary S. Hirst, late of Jackson township, dec'd.
9. Account of A. P. White, Administrator, with the Will annexed, of William McDivitt, late of Oneida township, dec'd.
10. Account of Jesse D. Shore, Administrator of the estate of Abraham Shore, late of Cass township, dec'd.
11. Final Administration account of Andrew Crownover and Van Buren Hirst, Administrators of John Hirst, late of Barree township, dec'd.
12. Account of John Gifford, jr., Administrator of John Gifford, sr., late of Shirley township, dec'd
13. Guardianship account of Peter K. Harnish, Guardian of Mary M. Oaks, a minor daughter of Reuben W. Oaks, late of Barree township, dec'd.
14. Final Administration account of Levi Detwiler, Administrator of Christian Detwiler, late of Brady township, dec'd.

WM. E. LIGHTNER,
REGISTER'S OFFICE, } Register.
Huntingdon, Dec. 9, '74. }

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that the following Inventories of the goods and chattels set apart to widows, under the provisions of the Act of 14th of April, A. D., 1851, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, and will be presented for "approval by the Court," on Wednesday, January 14, 1874 :

Inventory of the personal property of Thomas Irwin, late of Union township, dec'd., as taken by his widow, Mary Irwin.

Inventory of the personal property of George W. Ross, late of Warriorsmark township, dec'd., as taken by his widow, Eliza J. Ross.

Inventory of the personal property of James P. Ross, late of Warriorsmark township, dec'd., as taken by his widow, Tabitha Ross.

W. E. LIGHTNER,
Clerk of Orphans' Court.
Orphans' Court Office, }
Dec. 9, 1874. }

TRIAL LIST FOR JANUARY TERM 1875.

FIRST WEEK.

Eliza H. Green vs. Etnier & Foust, for use.
Philip Lock vs. Brice X. Blair, et al.
Samuel R. Douglas, vs. Thomas E. Orbison.
Josephine Seeds, vs. August Kahler.
John Byers vs. D. R. P. Neely.

SECOND WEEK.

Dr. Henry Orlady, vs. Stewart Foster.
Rockhill Iron & Coal Co., vs. Samuel Bolinger.
Ludon Dean, vs. A. B. Shenefelt.
George Long, vs. The township of Walker.
Thomas Steel, vs. S. L. Glasgow and wife.
F. J. Johnson, for use, vs. J. A. Haggerty, et al
The Borough of Huntingdon, vs. J. W. Mattern.
Cyrus Jeffries, vs. John Dougherty, et al.
The Borough of Huntingdon, vs. D. Caldwell, et al.
Martin Walker, vs. B. F. Wallace.
Henry S. Wood, vs. Jacob Stahley's Exr.
The Juniata Valley Camp Meeting Association, vs. M. M. Logan, et al.

T. W. MYTON,
Dec.16,1874. Prothonotary.

PLAIN PRINTING,

FANCY PRINTING,

GO TO THE JOURNAL OFFICE

The Muses' Bower.

Busybodies.

It is a fact, as I've been told,
That people, in the days of old,
Got rich in silver and in gold,
No matter what they bought or sold,
By minding their own business.

They did not try to wound one's fame,
Or slander anybody's name;
They cared not when you went or came,
They pleased themselves—you did the same,
If it was your own business.

And if a man did what was right
In his own mind, and in the sight
Of God and law, by day and night,
He went ahead and fought the fight,
Determined on his business.

But in degen'rate modern days
There's quite a change in people's ways,
And what a person does or says
Must be held up unto the gaze
Of every busybody.

And if you do not tell them, too,
Where you are going, and what to do,
They get in such an awful stew,
They'll even watch and follow you—
These very busybodies.

And then they surely think they know
Just when you come and when you go,
And they will whisper, so and so,
To every friend and every foe—
These very busybodies.

But if we take the pains to see
Who these same busybodies be,
We find there's not a he or she
Who has a decent history,
Among these busybodies.

But let us no more notice take
Of evil tongues; but for their sake,
We'll hope and pray they soon may wake
From wickedness, and money make
By minding their own business.

The Story-Teller.

THAT OTHER WILLIE.

"Willie, why don't you go and play with the boys and not be forever stuck at my feet?"

Such was Mrs. Gray's impatient question, one day, when her little son came and seated himself in the parlor, when his mother was conversing with a visitor.

"I would rather be with you than with the boys," he answered timidly.

"Oh, I never saw such a baby!"

"Is it wrong to wish to be near you, mother?" said the child, and his lip trembled as he spoke.

"Wrong? of course not. But you are old enough to have some manliness about you. See, yonder are Will and John Gowdy on the ice. Run along and keep them company. I want to talk to Mrs. Brown."

"Isn't he a queer child," she asked.

The other raised her sad eyes, and fixed them with such a painful expression on the mother's face. She was a sorrowful looking woman, this Mrs. Brown.

"I had a son once, but he's gone now," she said at last, and there were tears in her eyes.

Mrs. Gray gazed at her wonderfully. She had not known this before.

"It is a bitter thing to tear open partially healed wounds," Mrs. Brown continued. "But let me tell you my story:

Several years ago I was about to give a party; a grand affair it was to be, and my head was almost turned while making preparations. My Willie (his name was Willie, too,) was about sixteen years old. He had never been to school; I had educated him myself. At home, he was all a mother's heart could desire; but he was shy, and when I forced him into company he appeared so awkward, that I often felt ashamed of him. This was one reason of my deciding to give a party. If he was obliged to act the part of host he would overcome his bashfulness, I thought. But Willie never approved of it."

"I shall be so glad when the party is over," he said one day; "for since you have got it into your head, I have lost my mother."

"Poor little baby!" I responded, slightly provoked at his lack of interest. "I wonder how many years I shall have you tied to my apron string?"

I spoke sneeringly, and a proud flush instantly overspread his face.

"I will be tied there no longer," he returned, "I will seek other company in the future."

I was frightened at the result of my words. Still I made no response. My son, putting on his coat and hat, went out. It was the first time in his life he had ever went out without informing me where he was going.

In good time the party came off. It was a gay affair, and none were gayer than Willie. He was a sort of an extremist, and took no medium stand. After that his books and work were neglected, and his days, as well as evenings, were spent abroad. Fast young men became his constant companions. I was left alone to mourn over the change I had wrought. At first he made it a rule to be in at night at ten o'clock, but after a time he began to stay out later; and daybreak sometimes found him from home. I tried to expostulate, tried to win him back to his old habits, but my efforts were unavailing. He had got a taste of new life and it held him by a charm. Well do I remember the first night he came home in a state of intoxication. It was his seventeenth birthday, just a year from the time I gave the party. I had seen him under the influence of wine once or twice before, but on this night he drank so deeply that some of his companions had to help him home.

The hours of that night were dreadful hours of self-reproach and agony. I was so glad when morning came to dispel the gloom—so glad when reason returned to my erring child. He was very much ashamed. He said again and again he would do better; but his resolves were worthless. Two nights later he was again brought home intoxicated. After that it was a common occurrence. He fell lower and lower, squandered all my ready money, and, when I refused to mortgage my property, that he might have more, he left me with an oath.

That night a large firm was robbed, and it was discovered that Willie was one of the perpetrators of the deed. The next morning the town was alive with excitement, and I almost crazed with anxiety, for my boy had fled. The news passed from mouth to mouth; my house was searched, and my son called a villain, but I had no power to prevent either. No one gave me a word of sympathy.

"You have only yourself to blame," said a blunt old woman, who called during the day. "The boy was happy at home, but you drove him into bad company."

That night at the hour of twelve, as I sat alone, a window was opened softly, and Willie stepped into the room. With a glad cry I sprang toward him, but he pushed me rudely away.

"Can you hide me anywhere," he said. "The bloodhounds are after me. Had you given me the money yesterday, this would not have been."

"Oh, Willie," I cried.

"Yes, mother," he said sternly, "you have made me a criminal. I want to tell you I have secretly married Kate Hastings. God knows what will become of her."

Kate was a pretty little creature, only nineteen years old, innocent as the violets which grew around her home. My bleeding heart gave a quick, painful throb as he continued:

"The world will not believe we are married. She will be scorned by all. Hark! they are coming. Mother, I am too young, too wicked to die, but I must die. Farewell!"

I saw his purpose now, for his hand clutched a revolver, and springing to my feet I threw my arms about him to shield himself. But he shook me off. The next moment the loud report of a pistol echoed through the house. One glance showed me his lifeless form, stretched on the floor. Then existence was blank to me.

When I awoke to consciousness the morning sun was shining and the house was filled with people. But even justice was satisfied, and I was left alone with the dead. All day, tearless and motionless, I sat beside the mangled corpse. Some people, kinder than the rest, came in to make preparations for the funeral, and passed silently out, but I did not heed them.

Katie Hastings came just after dark. She was dressed in deep mourning, and her face was so ghastly that it startled me.

"You, too, have come to reproach me," I said.

"No, mother. You suffer enough without my reproaches. I have come to watch with the dead."

"I wish to watch alone," I said.

"It is I who will watch alone," she returned. "It is my right, I am his wife."

How calm she was! There was not even a tremor of the voice to tell how she suffered.

"Yes, it is your right, my poor child!" I said. "It gives me another pang to give him up, even to you, my daughter; still I do it."

She looked up quickly.

"He has told you?"

"Yes."

"Yet you speak kindly to me and do not condemn me."

A sad, beautiful smile for a moment lighted her features. She raised one of my hands and kissed it reverently.

"Thank you," she said. "Some time you will be glad for having shown this kindness to one so much in need of it. Now, mother, leave me."

I left the apartment, but did not retire. All night I sat on the floor outside the door, hoping that Katie would bid me enter; but no such summons came.

Daylight returned and the busy world moved, still I heard no movement in the chamber of death. At last my anxiety became so great that I opened the door and looked in. The girl knelt by the side of the corpse apparently asleep. Softly I stole forward and raised the drooping head. But no sad eyes met my gaze; nothing but the white face, the startling eyes of a corpse. Katie had died by her own hand, as a bottle which she clutched proved.

The next day they buried the two, my erring son and his child wife, in one grave; and as the clods fell on the coffin the brightness of my life went out forever.

Mrs. Brown could say no more, for sobs choked her utterance. Her listener, too, was deeply affected, as her pale face and tearful eyes plainly showed.

Leaving the bereaved mother for a moment, Mrs. Gray stole softly to the door and said:

"Willie!"

The child heard her and came quickly to her side.

"What is it, mamma?"

"It is so lonesome without you, darling," she said, drawing him to her.

A smile lit up his face.

"Then do you love me, mamma?"

"Love you? Oh, Willie!"

Her arms were about him now and she was sobbing on his shoulder.

"Did somebody tell you about those bad boys?" he asked, wonderingly. "They have got a flask of whisky, mamma."

"Thank God! You are saved, my darling," she cried, hysterically.

She drew him closer to her, she clung to him, showered kisses on his wondering face. But never, until he was a man, with a son of his own, did she tell him the story of that other Willie, whose childhood and his had been so much alike, and how, by the knowledge of that other Willie's unfortunate career, he had been saved by her from a like fate.—*Peterson's Magazine.*

Reading for the Million.

Our New York Letter.

Sacred Music—Other Music—Sunday—Building in New York and Real Estate—Tilton-Beecher—Boss Tweed—Rents and Empty Stores—Economy.

NEW YORK, Dec. 19, 1874.

SINGING IN THE CHURCHES.

In our boyhood days when we went to singing school, partly to learn psalmody, but principally to gaze on the pretty face of Mary Jane and go home with her after the exercises were over, we were content to furnish vocalism to the churches for nothing, and even esteem it an honor and privilege to be invited to make one of the choir.

In New York sacred music is quite another thing. Singing in choirs is as much of a profession as singing in operas—in fact, the singers who delight the public in opera, week-day nights, furnish the sacred music for the churches Sundays, and a very pretty sum it costs a church to get such music as it wants. The organists, for instance, in a reasonably plain church gets $1,000 per annum, the leader or manager gets as much more, the soprano gets from $500 to $700, the alto as much, and the tenor and basso about the same, or generally a little less. This makes the quartette. Then comes a chorus of perhaps twenty voices who are paid from $100 to $500 each, according to position, quality and capacity.

These singers are almost without exception professionals, who sing praises to the Almighty without feeling, caring or knowing what they sing—their business being purely mercenary. This scale of prices applies only to the moderately opulent churches—the great ones double or treble these figures. In Trinity for instance the music is quite as excellent in character as that of the operatic stage, and it attracts thousands of people who go for that alone.

In many of the churches choirs of boys are employed. It is all well. I see no reason why the Evil One should monopolize all the good things of life. Why should not sacred music be rendered artistically, and why should not the best musical talent be employed in the service of the temple? It attracts people to places of worship, and impresses them when they get there. At least so say the clergymen, and who should know if they don't? Beecher's church has a superb organist, Zudel, and a choir who simply lead the multitude, and Talmage does without a choir. The organ and a cornet player lead the people. When 5,000 people in that immense audience-room raise their voices together, the effect is indescribably grand. And speaking of

MUSIC,

the theatres of the city have for some months been giving what in the bills are called "Sacred Concerts," Sunday nights. The value of the "Sacred Concerts" may be inferred from the following programme:

30TH SACRED CONCERT—BOWERY THEATRE

The concert this evening will commence with the romantic drama entitled

The French Spy.

with Miss Louise Sylvester as the Arab boy, to be followed by the drama, in three acts, entitled

Jonathan Bradford,
or the
Murder in the Roadside Inn.
To conclude with
Jack Sheppard.

In all the minor theatres dramatic performances, the same as on week day nights, have been given Sunday nights, under the name of sacred concerts, and the opera troupes have been quite as unblushing in the evasion of the law.

Finally the managers of the better class of theatres entered their protest against it in conjunction with the leading citizens, and a raid on the places was inaugurated. Last Sunday night a number of them were closed, but the majority of them went through all their performances.

THE SUNDAY QUESTION

is a very difficult one to manage here. There is an enormous German and French population, who will not yield one iota of their notions on this subject. They regard Sunday as a day not only to rest, but recreation, and crowd into it all the amusement of the week. They want their gardens in the summer, and halls in the winter, and in the evening their theatres and concerts. They cannot understand why, in a "free" country they should be debarred from doing as they please on any day in the week, so that they do not interfere with others. They want to observe the day in this country as they observed it in the land they came from, and they make a vigorous fight for it. It goes into politics and has its effect upon all the elections. The German of New York knows of no question of public policy that is so important to him, and his vote is influenced more by this question than by any other. He does not believe in religious observances on Sunday, he has no sympathy with the puritan idea—in short, he is in antagonism with it all. And to him it is a vital matter, and he fights it in every possible way. It counts on election days, and from this time out it will count more.

BUILDING AND REAL ESTATE.

The real estate people are disturbed. Under the stimulus of the war and war inflation, real estate went up fearfully. Building lots in the vicinity of the Park were a few years ago counted fairly cheap at $20,000, and $25,000 was not an unusual price. They are not so high now, indeed they couldn't be sold to day for the half what was paid for them. They lay dead property. There is no use in building on them, for there are a thousand or more empty houses above 42d street, and three times that number below, not going lower down than 14th. I mentioned last week the fact that there are thousands of empty stores and offices. This condition of things is easily accounted for. New York has built houses and stores without providing the business to fill them. She has permitted Baltimore to take one part of her trade, and Boston another part. She has allowed the dangerous classes to take possession of the government of the city, and has done everything possible to check her growth and limit her prosperity. The Legislature, instead of selling or filling up the lateral canals, which never did any business and make heavy drafts on the Erie, foolishly keeps them up and drives away the trade which otherwise would find the city by that channel, and her merchants sit down on "natural advantages" and allow cartmen, middlemen and leeches generally, to suck the substance out of the grain trade.

In the meantime, Baltimore and Boston are building elevators and reaching their long railroad arms out over the country; and Canada is arranging to improve her river and canal system so as to get better connection with the great West and clip the metropolis still more.

New York is the great commercial centre of the continent, and always ought to be; but there has got to be a change of tactics or she will lose her place, sure.

LABOR

continues unsettled and unsatisfactory. The employers are discharging vast numbers of men and reducing not only the time but the wages of those they retain. The poor fellows, driven to madness, strike—the factories close, and then comes hunger, cold and desperation. This will be the worst winter New York has ever seen. Laboring men who have something to do out of New York are very lucky.

TILTON-BEECHER.

Public interest in the great scandal is being revived, the matter having come up in the courts. Moulton has settled the libel suit of Edna Dean Proctor by paying the costs already incurred and counsel fees, amounting in all to about $5,000. The public take this action of his as a confession that her case was good, but it will be remembered that he never asserted that Beecher had had criminal intercourse with her—only that Beecher told him so. This he still asserts. He settles because by giving this publicity his counsel advise him that he has laid himself liable to Miss Proctor.

BOSS TWEED.

The wicked old man is on the surface again. Tired of living in prison, knowing that Gov. Dix will not pardon him, and that the Governor elect, Tilden, dare not, if he would, he appealed once more to the courts. He was taken out of prison on a writ of *habeas corpus*, and taken before the courts, where he petitioned to be discharged on the score that the court that tried him had no jurisdiction. Judge Barrett, decided, of course, against the illustrious thief, and back he went. Wednesday night a rumor prevailed that he had given the officers the slip, and had got away to Europe, and the lie for an hour was generally credited. It was the more readily believed, for everybody knows that if the Boss has the money he is credited with, he can buy his way out without trouble. And the comment upon it was not encouraging to one who wants to believe in the honesty of mankind. "I am glad the old man has got away," said one merchant in my hearing. "Why glad?" I asked. "Oh, he has been punished enough," was the reply. And that was the expression of a full half of the people. Curious, isn't it? Here is a man who plundered the tax payers for years in a way that would have made a pickpocket blush—a man who stole right and left, not only for himself, but a horde of followers—a man, who, by sheer stealing and an adroit use of what he stole, held the city and State in the hollow of his hand, and even aspired to the control of the country; this thief, swindler and robber is pitied by the men he plundered! I can't help but think that the men who pity him, envy him, and that, placed as he was, would have done the same thing. The newspapers of the city, to their credit be it said, insist on his being kept where he is till his full term expires. Public opinion will probably keep him there till he buys his way out.

And speaking of the Boss, Gov. Dix did a good thing the other day. He supposed, as did all the world, that the rotund old thief was dressed in stripes and doing prison duty the same as other criminals. Becoming better informed he addressed a communication to Mayor Havemeyer, protesting against giving the man who plundered the city of $20,000,000, a suit of rooms, servants, citizen's clothes, and other luxuries, and of allowing him visitors at his own pleasure. Very properly, the Governor characterized this discrimination between one thief and another as a "mockery of justice." But the protest will do no good. The boss has means at his disposal, and he will be a prisoner of state as long as he chooses to stay.

RENTS AND EMPTY STORES.

The exorbitant rents demanded on Broadway are telling on that street. Between the Astor House and 14th street there are over one hundred elegant stores, in the windows of which are displayed the disheartening legend "To Let," and this legend is growing more common daily. The Broadway owners put up rents year after year, without any regard to the value of the property. $12,000, $15,000, $20,000 per annum were common figures. This was all well enough during the war and the flush era that followed it, but when the pinching times came it could not be endured. No business that could be transacted on the premises could pay the rent, and house after house went down in the vain endeavor. The landlords would not reduce, for they had faith if Smith wouldn't keep the store Jones would be glad to take it, and as they had become accustomed to living in the style of $20,000 rents they did not like to come down. But Smith either quit business or he went over to some of the side streets, and Jones too much to go into ruin blindfold, and so the stores are empty. This is as it should be. There is no reason in keeping up to war prices in anything, and rents ought to be the first to come down. True, it depreciates real estate; but why should it not? There is nothing made by calling fifty cents a dollar. Men cannot labor forever for landlords.

And, by the way, speaking of "coming down," there has been and is being

CONSIDERABLE ECONOMY

practiced at this time. Gentlemen who, a year ago were in the habit of stepping into their fashionable Broadway tailors and paying $100 or $150 for an overcoat, without asking the price, are not doing it to any alarming extent. They go into the Bowery and the other cheap streets, and buy from $30 to $50 what they would have to pay $75 to $100 for on Broadway. And they find that a pair of boots on a cheap street for $10 looks just as well and wears just as long as the pair that the pretentious Broadway maker coolly asks, and gets, $18 for. This style of economizing is getting to be very popular. Men joke about it and take a pride in it. And, to the disgust of the high-priced bars, thousands of them have changed their drinking places. They get their modest quenches or their stiff invigorators at the quiet places around the corner, where 10 cents does as much toward sending them into a drunkard's grave as 25 or 30 would at the fashionable bars. Of course there are plenty of noodles who still submit to be fleeced as of yore, but the number is growing smaller every day. Let us hope that it will continue until we get down to anti war prices. That is what the country wants. It is impossible to hold up to the old key, and the sooner we drop the better.

PIETRO.

"Mary."

Wilkens Micawber Jones is of a statistical turn of mind. It occurred to Jones the other day that Mary is a very common name and, after careful study, he hit upon an original plan of ascertaining the proportionate number of women bearing it.—This plan was to station himself at an advantageous position on one of our thoroughfares, addressing by that name every woman who passed in an hour, and then compare the number who answered to the name with the whole number passing. Nothing could be simpler, thought Wilkens, and accordingly he began his experiment the other evening just as the theatre-going tide was flowing along the street. First came two demure-looking damsels, "timid and stepping fast." Jones let them get by and then called out suddenly, "Mary!" but the young women only hurried a little faster, and the ingenious Wilkens put down two marks on the side of his tally-paper. Just as he lifted his eyes he saw a lady with an escort just in front of him, and blurted out "Good evening, Mary!" Greatly to Jones' astonishment the gentleman, and not the lady, responded; and these are what Jones saw: * * * He concluded to give up the experiment because there were too many risks about it,—especially astern risks.—*Boston Advertiser.*

LOOK ABOVE YOU, and in the overarching firmament read the truth of an all-pervading Providence. You sky is God's outspread hand, and the glittering stars are the jewels on the fingers of the Almighty. Do you not see that His hand closes round you on all sides, and that you cannot go where universal love shines not?—*Gill.*

A SCOTCH clergyman quoted a text of Scripture in his prayer, and added, for the instruction of his audience: "For that, O Lord, is the correct translation of the passage."

A MAN who pretended to have seen a ghost was asked what the ghost said to him. "How should I understand?" he replied. "I am not skilled in any of the dead languages."

Some Seasonable Remarks.

These are the days when we suddenly discover that the leaves which showed such glorious colors last time we looked at them have fallen, withered and brown, to strew the earth over which they lately waved. Rising betimes in the morning, now, we find ice on the pavements, and we make a mental memorandum to instruct Bridget that, during the season and until further orders, pavement washing is to be done with a dry broom. Stepping down street, we accept the hint given us by the zephyr which comes round the first corner, and button up our overcoats to the chin. Going to the office, we dispatch a postal card to our coal dealer to "hurry up that car of stove," and set the office boy to shaking the moths out of the buffalo robe, which has been lying all summer in a neglected corner. Then we poke the fire, see that the windows are all closed, say "Feels like winter this morning," and go to work.

These are the days when the Benevolent Association goes about doing good, and doing a great deal of it, in a very quiet, unostentatious way, too. Many a half-worn garment, many a load of coal, many a pound of flour, is left at the door of the worthy poor, and few know whence the articles came or whither they go; but there is room for a great deal of charity which the Benevolent Association cannot reach; there are many cases which do not come within its scope. We all have friends, or if we do not number them among our friends, we all know families too full of self-respect to beg or to make their wants known in any way, poor, hard-working, honorable men and women, who put "hard a hard time getting along in the world," and whom we could benefit very materially without cost to ourselves. We overhaul our winter clothing about this time and conclude that we need a new overcoat.—We get one accordingly, and now we are puzzled to know what to do with our old one. We already have one or two half-worn ones for bad weather, and the new second best one is like a little elephant on our hands. We have no reason for keeping it, it is too good to throw away, we even have a secret conviction that it is a little too good for the Benevolent Association; so we hang it up in the closet, and there it stays for two or three years—when Aunt Matilda comes along and claims it for her collections of carpet rags, a commodity for which, in turn, she is unable to find a market, since rag carpets are no longer fashionable. Would it not be better to say to cousin X.

The Huntingdon Journal.

J. R. DURBORROW, - - - - - EDITOR

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

Wednesday Morning, Dec. 23, 1874.

Circulation LARGER than any other Paper in the Juniata Valley.

A WORD TO SUBSCRIBERS LIVING OUT OF THE COUNTY.

On and after January next, we will be obliged to prepay the postage on all papers sent out of the county, and we have determined to send no paper out of the county unless prepaid. To advance the paper is sufficient without advancing the postage. All persons living out of the county, who are in arrears for subscription, who fail to pay on or before that time, (1st January 1875,) will find their accounts in the hands of the Tradesmens' Bureau for collection. We must close up our extended credit business and get down to a cash basis. Persons desiring to continue the JOURNAL, living out of Huntingdon county, MUST PAY IN ADVANCE.

☞ Congress is not likely to do much until after the holiday recess.

☞ No paper will be issued from this office next week. After six months of continued labor our hands want to make visits to friends and to take a rest, and we cannot find it in our heart to deny them. May one and all enjoy a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

☞ Christmas is upon us again! The hearts of thousands are being made glad with the bountiful distribution of gifts which always attend this anniversary. Let not the poor be forgotten. See that Old Santa Claus makes a fair divide with them. Their hearts should be made glad also. We wish all our readers a very Merry Christmas and Happy New Year!

☞ We publish a full report of the killing of the abductors of little Charlie Ross. The latest supposition is that the poor little fellow was drowned sometime in November last. A body of a boy was found, and it is known that his abductors were in the neighborhood in which the body was found about the time. The terrible fate of these men ought to put a stop to this kind of transgression.

☞ The Pennsylvania Republican Association, at Washington, D. C., will give a series of sociables in that city, during the present winter, in the interest of the Centennial Exposition. The first of the series was held on the evening of the 22d inst., the President and Cabinet, Governor Hartranft and staff and our Senators and Representatives being among the guests. It was no doubt a brilliant affair. The second and third sociables will be held on the evening of January 13th and February 10th, 1875.

Charlie Ross' Abductors.

A Night Battle—Description of the Attack of the Burglars on Van Brunt's House and their Tragic Death.

On the eastern side of the Upper Bay, within about half a mile from the Narrows, the Long Island shore rises into an uneven and beautifully wooded bluff, known as Bay Ridge. Along its sides and summit nestle a large number of villas and cottages, most of them the summer residences of wealthy citizens, and many the permanent dwellings of farmers and people whose business in the city is of such a character as to enable them to leave their stores or offices at an early hour of the afternoon.

VAN BRUNT'S RESIDENCE.

On one of the headlands, about a mile from the landing, stands two handsome dwellings, one an old fashioned, but well preserved house of the Long Island pattern, and the other of the more modern style of country villas. The latter is the residence of Mr. J. Holmes Van Brunt, brother of Judge Van Brunt, now presiding in the Supreme Court, part II, New York county court house, and the other is used as a summer residence by the Judge himself, who was born beneath its roof, and continues to retain possession of it. The houses are separated only by a small piece of boundry lawn. When the Judge was closing up his house at the end of the season, he very prudently furnished it with a burglar alarm telegraph, which conveys information of the slightest interference with any of its doors or windows into the bedroom of Mr. Holmes Van Brunt, in the adjoining house.

THE ALARM SPRUNG.

On Monday morning at two o'clock, this alarm bell rang the changes violently.—Mr. Van Brunt and his wife and daughter were awake and heard it, the old gentleman being on a bed of sickness and general wakefulness, from which he has suffered for two or three weeks, and the ladiee being in attendance on a sick child. Up stairs and asleep was Mr. Albert Van Brunt, a grown up son of the old gentleman whom Miss Van Brunt called immediately. When he came down stairs, the father said: "Albert, go over and see what has sounded that alarm; I guess the wind has blown open one of those blinds again"—an occurrence which has more than once before caused the bell to ring.

THE FLICKERING LIGHT.

Albert complained a little about having to step down and out all alone, but remembering the old gentleman's illness, he went nevertheless, first taking the precaution to put a pistol in his pocket. Approaching his uncle's house he noticed a flickering light through the blinds of one of the windows. Then he returned to his own house, told his father about the light, procured a lantern for himself and went to wake up William Scott, the judge's gardener, who lived in a cottage close by.

A RECONNOISSANCE.

On their way back Scott and Albert made another reconnoisance, and ascertained that more than one man was in the house with the light. They then went to the barn and awoke Herman Frank, the hired man, whom they enrolled in their force. Placing his little squad on watch—one man in front and the other behind the judge's house—Mr. Albert Van Brunt returned to his father once more and reported. By this time the old man felt as if he should "make an effort" and he made it. Though suffering excruciatingly from an inward pain, he got out of bed and dressed himself. He and Albert gathered what guns and pistols were in the house and went forth into the darkness. When he got a few yards beyond his own stoop he saw the light in the other house and made up his mind that he had "business" before him.

A SHREWD PLAN OF ATTACK.

He sent his son to call the gardner and the hired man to him and when they came he said: "Now, boys, we have work to do, and must understand each other. We must capture these fellows, if we can, without killing them; but if they resist we'll defend ourselves. Albert, you and Scott stand before the front door; Frank and I will take the rear; and whatever happens afterward, let us remain in the position we take up; because if we move around we'll be certain to shoot each other in the dark instead of the enemy. Whichever way they come, let the two who meet them take care of them as best they can. If they come out and scatter both ways, then we'll all have a chance to work."

THE POSITION.

Albert and the gardener went to the front, as directed, and the old gentleman and his hired man took up a position close to the rear entrance. The night was pitchy dark, cold and wet. The watchers waited patiently for nearly an hour, while the intruders went through every room in the house searching for booty, with the rays from their dark lanterns flashing now and then through the chinks in the shutters. At length they came down from the basement floor and into the pantry. Through the window of this little apartment Mr. Van Brunt could see the hard-looking faces of the two burglars distinctly. He could have shot them down then and there in perfect safety for himself and his companions; but he still wished to refrain from taking life until he could be certain that they would show deadly resistance. He did not wish, he said, to kill them in the house, nor in any other way than by self-defense. They left the pantry and went into the dining-room, where they delayed long enough to make the watchers think they meant to remain all night. But the cold and damp air of the inclement night soon began to tell on the elder Van Brunt, and he could stand the waiting no longer. Finding he was growing numb and weak he determined to "push things," and standing in front of the back door he ordered the hired man to open it quickly. Frank proceeded to obey, but in trying to get the key into the keyhole he made a noise, which the burglars heard. Their light went out immediately and their footsteps were heard descending the cellar stairs.

THE BATTLE BEGINS.

Mr. Van Brunt and his man moved toward the trap door of the cellar. This was soon opened and the body of a man protruded, followed by the head of another. Mr. Van Brunt cried out, "Stand!" and called to his son and companions to remain still and "look out." In response to his command two pistol shots from the cellar door flashed almost in his face, but nothing hit him. He then leveled his revolver at the foremost man and pulled and a cry of agony followed. The other man fired at him a second time and then ran toward the front of the house. He dashed almost into the arms of young Van Brunt, at whom he fired two more shots, luckily missing him also. The fellow having to go between Albert and the white wall the latter could see the arm raised for another shot, but before it could be fired the arm was struck down and broken near the elbow by a blow from Mr. Van Brunt's gun, which was also smashed.

THE BATTLE ENDS.

Changing the pistol to his left hand and calling his adversary a vile name, the burglar attempted to fire again, but before he could do so, young Van Brunt had whipped out his revolver and sent a bullet into his would-be murderer's breast.—The burglar staggered, received another bullet in his head, and fell. Meanwhile the villain from whom the elder Mr. Van Brunt's bullet had brought the howl of pain, continued to fire away in the dark, and the hired man replied with a discharge from his shot gun. In short, as far as any of the survivors can now remember, the fusillading here became general, the only thing positively known of the second or third shot being the gratifying fact that while none of the defenders of the judge's property were hurt, the two burglars were literally riddled with bullets. One was stone dead, with his empty seven-shooter under his head, the other lived until five o'clock—about two hours.

THE BODIES IDENTIFED.

Walter Ross was taken into the room at the Morgue, where the bodies of Mosier and Douglass lay. No one asked him any questions, or by hint or inuendo of any kind gave him an inkling, of the reason of his being brought there. Each of the bodies were shown him, being slowly uncovered and left exposed. His recognition of Mosier, the older of the two burglars, was slow and gradual, his memory reviving by degrees, but the instant he saw the body of the younger man he said: "Oh, that's awful like him; he's the driver," meaning the driver of the buggy. These exclamations came quick, spontaneous, and with an earnestness that was as convincing as it was impressive. Subsequently he said: "He"—pointing to Douglass, alias Clark—"was the one that gave me the money to buy the fire-crackers." Again he said: "He was the one that gave me the candy, and the other one," pointing to Mosier, "he sometimes had candy, too."

A CORROBORATION.

Among others who went from Germantown to idensify the bodies, was Peter Callaghan. He is employed in the residence adjoining that of Mr. Ross, on Washington lane, and described two men whom he had seen suspiciously hovering in the vicinity for some time. He positively recognized the body of Douglass, alias Clark, as that of the driver of the buggy he had seen in the vicinity of the Ross residence prior to the kidnapping, and expressed himself as strong in the belief that the body of Mosier was that of the driver's companion at the time.

Letter from Osceola.

OSCEOLA MILLS, CLEARFIELD CO., December 14th, 1874.

EDITOR OF THE JOURNAL—*Dear Sir*:—In the course of a ramble through Clearfield county I visited the Moshannon Mining region. Notwithstanding the general prostration of business through the country, I had the pleasure of observing an exception in one locality.—Along the Goss Run Branch Railroad much activity prevails, and as the operations carried on there are chiefly by Huntingdon men, I deemed it proper to send this communication to the JOURNAL.

The following parties, namely, Whitehead & Jacobs, Fishers & Miller and David Blair, Esq., purchased coal lands in Woodward township and projected a branch railroad, about two miles in length, in order to get access to the market for their coal. These parties were joined in their undertaking by Thomas & Co., who had leased a large tract of land from Dr. Houly's heirs.

When arrangements were made for beginning the work, Mr. John Whitehead was appointed manager for constructing the road, and the energetic manner in which he pushed it to successful completion proved the appointment to have been judiciously made.

On the 15th of May, Mr. Frazier, the engineer, commenced the survey and located a line, passing through lands belonging to an extensive coal operator. This location was made to suit a point where it was proposed to open a mine, the owner having agreed, if that were done, to bear his proportion of the expense of construction. However, he now, instead of assisting to build the road, refused even to give the right of way through his property. It was, therefore, determined to run a line keeping off this unfriendly neighbor's property altogether. Another line was located, but it seemed as if the change was only from bad to worse, for it went through a number of village lots, for which the owners demanded exhorbitant prices. However, after much troublesome negotiating, and paying excessive damages, the right of way through the town lots was secured.

When it was supposed that the serious obstacles in the way were overcome, trouble came from another quarter The located line passed 2700 feet through the Beaver Branch Coal Co's. land, who had previously consented to grant the right of way on reasonable terms. They now refused to do so, and as it would seem, determined to put a stop to the enterprise altogether, commenced building the new town of Shillingsford on the located line. Mr. Whitehead was then obliged to apply to Court for the right of way. After the viewers were appointed a final attempt was made to come to terms with the Company and thereby save the delay and trouble that would be incurred in putting the matter through Court. The result was that the B. B. C. Co. prepared an arrangement which, though imposing rather too much on Whitehead and his associates, to save further delay in prosecuting the work, they accepted. A third location had, therefore, to be made, and in compliance with the terms of arrangement the line had to be lengthened about 1000 feet to reach a point where the B. B. C. Co. prepared to open on their property. After this the work was prosecuted without interruption, and with so much vigor that on the 30th of November last the first train of twenty cars of coal was shipped from Whitehead and Jacobs' colliery. Their average shipments since have been seventeen cars per day, and they have a good prospect of doubling the capacity in a short time. This is remarkable progress, considering that the drift was only commenced on the 5th of July last. The coal is from five to six feet thick and of a superior quality.

Fishers & Miller's work will be in operation in a short time. The iron is now laid on their sidings, and their shutes, tram-roads and underground works are well advanced. The coal is similar in character to Whitehead & Jacobs', the opening being in the same seam.

Mr. Blair's property is leased by Dr. George Mears, who is putting up the improvements, and will, in a few weeks, be prepared to ship coal. This mine is also on the same seam, and the quality of the coal equally good.

The improvements for operating these mines are of a substantial character and designed with a view to handle coal with facility and dispatch. This will enable the operators to put the coal in the cars at a minimum cost, and the quality of the coal being so good, the prospects are favorable for these operations proving highly successful.

Yours respectfully,

SUBSCRIBER.

A CARD TO THE PUBLIC—*A Short Postponement of the Fifth Gift Concert.*—As manager of the gift concerts given in aid of the Public Library of Kentucky, my position creates an important trust in behalf of the Public Library and the ticket-holders of the fifth gift concert. The Public Library of Kentucky and the ticket-holders are jointly interested in the amount of the drawing The larger the fund to be distributed in gifts, the greater will be the gift awarded to each lucky ticket-holder and the more the amount realized by the Library. To have a full drawing is so manifestly to the interest of those interested, that, rather than to have a fractional drawing on the 30th inst., I deem it due to the trust confided to me by the ticket-holders and the Public Library of Kentucky, that a short postponement be made to enable me to dispose of the unsold tickets and have a full drawing. Though the very large amount now in bank would enable us to distribute handsome gifts, yet we should feel disappointed in this our last concert, should we be compelled to make a fractional drawing, however large.

We have received so very large a number of letters from all parts of the country from those most largely interested, urging a postponement if all the tickets be not sold by the 30th, that we feel strengthened in our sense of duty to the ticket-holders and the Public Library, to make the postponement. Under the circumstances, we have determined, in the interest of all parties, to postpone the concert and drawing to Saturday, February 27, 1875, at which time the drawing will positively take place; and, as a guarantee of good faith toward ticket-holders, we pledge ourselves to refund to any ticket-holders his money, upon presentation of his ticket, should the drawing fail to come off at the day now fixed. The past, we feel assured, will be sufficient guarantee to all interested that they will be fairly and honestly dealt with. The money paid for tickets is sacredly preserved against all contingencies until after the payment of the gifts, after which the expenses are to be reimbursed and the Public Library to be paid its profits. THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.
Agent and Manager.

Nov. 29, 1874

THE huge, drastic, griping, sickening pills, constructed of crude, course and bulky ingredients, are fast being superseded by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets, or Sugar-coated, Consentrated Root and Herbal Juice, Anti-Bilious Granules—the "Little Giant" Cathartic or *Multum in Parvo* Phyric. Modern Chemical Science enables Dr. Pierce to extract from the juices of the most valuable roots and herbs their active medicinal principles, which worked into little Pellets or Granules, *scarcely larger than mustard seed*, renders each little Pellet as active and powerful as a large pill, while they are much more palatable and pleasant in effect.

DR. IRA A. TRAVER, of Baconsburg, Ohio, writes: "I regard your Pellets as the best remedy for the conditions for which you prescribe them of anything I have ever used, so mild and certain in effect, and leaving the bowles in an excellent condition. It seems to me they must take the place of all other cathartic pills and medicines."

LYON & MACOMBER, druggists, Vermillion, D. T., says: "We think they are going to sell like hot cakes as soon as people get acquainted with them and will spoil the pill trade, as those that have used them like them much better than large pills."

New To-Day.

SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY,

"THE GREAT NATIONAL MAGAZINE,"

enters upon a new year (its ninth volume) with the November number, with broader plans and larger enterprise than ever before, and with the ambition it has maintained from the first, to demonstrate itself to be the brightest, the strongest, the most beautiful, and in every way the Best Popular Magazine in the World. During the year it will present such marvels of illustrative engraving as no popular magazine has ever been able to publish. Its writers will be, as they have been, the choice and chosen literary men and women of America. Among the attractive features of the year will be a New Serial Novel,

"THE STORY OF SEVEN OAKS,"

by J. G. HOLLAND. A series of papers from various pens on

"AMERICAN LIFE AND SCENERY,"

including descriptive papers on American cities, will open in January with a narrative of Western Discovery and Adventure, by Major Powell, whose descent of the Colorado is one of the famous exploits of Western travel. This series will rival "THE GREAT SOUTH" papers in the magnificence of its illustrations, whilst possessing greater variety and wider interest. Also another illustrated series:

"A FARMER'S VACATION IN EUROPE,"

Six articles recounting the experience of a well-known American farmer and engineer (Colonel Waring, of Ogden Farm, Newport, R. I.) during a tour through some of the less frequented parts of Western Europe, in the Autumn of 1873.

A series of papers of great interest on

FRENCH LITERATURE AND PARISIAN LIFE,

by Albert Rhodes, with illustrations by French Artists, will appear during the year.

"THE MYSTERIOUS ISLAND,"

Or, "The Modern Robinson Crusoe," Jules Verne's latest story, will be continued, with its illustrations. A story, by SAXE HOLM,

"MY TOURMALINE,"

begins in November, and will run for three or four months. There will also be other Novelettes and Shorter Stories by leading American and English Story Writers. The Magazine will continue to hold its pre-eminece in this regard. The Essays, Reviews, and Editorial Papers will, as heretofore, employ the ablest pens in both Europe and America. Home and Society, which has grown in favor and in excellence from the first, will be made more attractive, useful, and valuable in its influence on the social life and culture of the American people. The Etchings will be still further improved, and there will be greater variety in this department.

SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY, by the verdict of both the English and the American press is "The Best of all the Monthlies."

The Eight Bound Volumes of Scribner constitute an Illustrated Library of more than 6,000 octavo pages. They contain more than a Dozen Splendid Serial Stories, nearly One Hundred Shorter Stories, more than a Thousand Separate Articles, Essays, Poems, Editorials and Reviews, embellished with nearly Two thousand Illustrations. We have reprinted at great expense the earlier volumes, and now offer a limited number at reduced rates in connection with subscriptions. No other opportunity will probably ever be given to get complete sets of this unrivaled Monthly, the expense of reprinting in small editions being so great as to be prohibitory.

We offer the eight vols, bound in cloth, sent to any address in the United States, charges paid, with one year's subscription, for $20; the same, charges not paid, $16. The eight vols., in extra library style, marble sides, and marble edges, and a subscription, for $25; or sent, charges not paid, $20.

The Postage on all New Subscriptions will be Prepaid by us. The Subscription Price of Scribner's Monthly is $4 a year. Scribner's Monthly and St. Nicholas, $7.

SCRIBNER & CO.,
Dec.16-3t. No. 654 Broadway, New York.

STRAY HEIFER.

Came to the residence of the undersigned, in Warriorsmark township, Huntingdon county, Pa., a Red Heifer, no ear marks, about two years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away or she will be disposed of according to law.

Dec.23-3t. C. & D. EYER.

FOR SALE.

A House and Lot, No. 47, in Thompson's addition to Huntingdon, will be sold on reasonable terms. Possession given on the first of April next. Apply at this office. Dec.16.

New To-Day.

THE PITTSBMRGH GAZETTE.

Those who are arranging for their home papers for the next year, will do wisely to send for sample copies of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, Daily or Weekly, as it will be seen to be the best paper published in Pittsburgh. It is the oldest, being nearly 89 years old, and has kept pace with all the phases of modern newspaper progress. It is printed with new type, and on clean, white, handsome paper. Its news is especially full, and accurate. It receives cable news from Europe, and dispatches from all parts of the country. It has special correspondents in Washington, during the session of Congress, and at Harrisburg during the session of the Legislature, and will give full reports of all that is interesting in the proceedings. Its local news is complete and varied, yet chaste and pure. Its editorials contain trenchant discussions of all current subjects, and deal independently with all the issues of the hour. The paper is Republican in politics, but holds that the party is superior to cliques and rings. Its market reports are specially full and complete, and have a reputation that is wide spread, for accuracy and reliability. In frequent instances, parties in the country have saved or made considerable sums by following the accurate reports of prices, given in the GAZETTE, in selling their produce. It also contains agricultural, household, and family reading, carefully selected. Thus it is a family paper of great excellence and rare cheapness as to price. Its circulation is the largest of the Pittsburgh press. This year the postage on papers is prepaid at the Pittsburgh office, thus necessitating the addition of this item to the rates. For this reason, we present amended rates, and claim that they afford the cheapest newspaper published, when the size and quality of the paper are considered.

TERMS:

Daily Gazette (postage prepaid) by mail, per annum, $10,00; for six months, $5,00; for three months, $2.50; for one month, $1.00; by the week, payable to the carrier, 15 cents.

Weekly Gazette (postage prepaid) by mail, single subscribers, $1.75 per year; in clubs of five, $1.50; in clubs of ten or more, $1.40, and an additional copy for every ten, to the getter up of the club. Postmasters are requested to act as agents.

For sample copy, of daily or weekly, free of charge, address

KING, REED & CO.,
Dec.23-2t. Pittsburgh, Pa.

JURY LIST—JANUARY TERM, '75.

GRAND JURORS.

Isaac Brumbaugh, farmer, Penn.
Perry Benson, farmer, Tod.
James A. Cook, farmer, Tod.
Andrew Carberry, farmer, Hopewell.
James R. Chaney, farmer, Barree.
William Fleck, farmer, Hopewell.
J. Wilson Greenland, surveyor, Huntingdon.
Edward Goodman, farmer, Brady.
George Gifford, teacher, Shirley.
John Hight, laborer, Huntingdon.
Joseph Hamilton, farmer, Brady.
John Laport, farmer, Franklin.
Alfred Lehkicher, coachmaker, Huntingdon.
John C. Miller, merchant, Huntingdon.
William Moore, farmer, Morris.
Alexander Magee, farmer, Tell.
William Randolph, farmer, Barree.
Gwin Raymond, carpenter, Huntingdon.
Luther Rex, clerk, Mapleton.
Robert V. Stewart, laborer, Jackson.
Samuel Tussey, farmer, Morris.
Joseph Weight, farmer, Warriorsmark.
Samuel Wigton, farmer, Franklin.
Isaac Yocum, farmer, Walker.

TRAVERSE JURORS.—FIRST WEEK.

A. S. Brooks, clerk, Carbon.
William Briggs, farmer, Shirley.
Phillip Bollinger, farmer, Shirley.
William Booth, farmer, Springfield.
William Bice, carpenter, Huntingdon.
Elias Bartol, carpenter, Huntingdon.
Edward Beightal, blacksmith, Morris.
Jacob M. Barnet, miner, Coalmont.
Henry Cornpropst, farmer, Barree.
John Covert, mason, Shirleysburg.
George W. Copley, manufacturer, Shirley.
Shadrach Chaney, farmer, Barree.
David Dunn, gentleman, Huntingdon.
William Davis, farmer, Henderson.
John Eyer, farmer, Warriorsmark.
Samuel Ely, farmer, Henderson.
Valentine Fink, farmer, Henderson.
Amos Griffith, farmer, Tod.
Morris Gutshall, farmer, Springfield.
Benj. Grove, (river) farmer, Penn.
David P. Gwin, merchant, Huntingdon.
A. C. Greenland, potter, Cass.
Michael Householder, teamster, Carbon.
Jerome Isenberg, carpenter, Shirley.
John W. Lukens, merchant, Mount Union.
Elias Musser, millright, Jackson.
Samuel Mitchell, farmer, Jackson.
John A. McPherran, farmer, Franklin.
Jonathan K. Metz, farmer, Brady.
Jesse McClain, farmer, Carbon.
J. McIlroy, clerk, Porter.
John Nightwine, farmer, Henderson.
D. W. Proctor, book agent, Huntingdon.
Abraham Russell, farmer, Hopewell.
William Reed, saddler, Marklesburg.
J. M. Snyder, farmer, Juniata.
Henry W. Swoope, farmer, Tod.
Emanuel Stroup, Farmer, Tod.
Phillip Schneider, farmer, Henderson.
William Taylor, farmer, Springfield.
George T. Travis, carpenter, Franklin.
Christian Weaver, farmer, Hopewell.
Abraham Weight, gentleman, Franklin.
Jacob Wile, farmer, Springfield.
Solomon Weaver, laborer, Lincoln.
John A. Wilson, farmer, West.
John Zentmyer, farmer, Porter.
Thomas Wilson, miner, Coalmont.

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

A. C. Alexander, farmer, Warriorsmark.
Henry Brumbaugh, farmer, Penn.
Solomon Bupp, founder, Walker.
William Booher, farmer, Springfield.
John Booher, farmer, Cromwell.
Moses Burge, farmer, Tell.
Westley Crotsley, farmer, Tod.
Robert Fleming, farmer, Jackson.
Thomas C. Fisher, gentleman, Huntingdon.
John Flasher, laborer, Huntingdon.
Tobias Foreman, farmer, Walker.
John A. Gayton, foreman, Mount Union.
Noble Gregory, farmer, Barree.
Philip Gosnell, farmer, Cass.
Andrew Grubb, farmer, Penn.
Dorsey Greene, gentleman, Porter.
Adam Heeter, farmer, Clay.
John Hess, farmer, Springfield.
Ludwig Hoover, farmer, Penn.
Daniel Isenberg, farmer, Shirley.
Patrick Madigan, miner, Carbon.
Cunningham Martin, farmer, Walker.
Alexander Oaks, farmer, West.
Joseph Park, farmer, Cass.
John Potter, pumpmaker, Huntingdon.
George B. Porter, farmer, Franklin.
Samuel S. Smith, merchant, Huntingdon.
H. H. Summers, farmer, Lincoln.
Isaac Taylor, farmer, Tod.
John Rhodes, farmer, Henderson.
Thomas Uttley, clerk, Clay.
Calvin Wallace, carpenter, Shirleysburg.
A. P White, farmer, Oneida.
George Walker, tinner Huntingdon.
James Ward, farmer, Walker.
Zachariah Yenter, merchant, Huntingdon.

Wheeler AND Wilson
No. 6,
THE BEST
SEWING MACHINE
For Family or Manufacturing,
914 CHESTNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA.
AGENTS WANTED.

December 15, 1874.

New Advertisements.

A FARM OF 32 ACRES FOR SALE.

The undersigned will sell his Limestone Farm, in Barree township, two miles north of Conpropst's Mill, at private sale. The improvements are a good house and barn, and all other outbuildings. Most excellent water at the door. There are a number of choice fruit trees and grapes upon it. It consists of thirty-two acres of good limestone land, well cultivated upon which there is a good Limestone Quarry for building purposes or making lime. Possession given on the first of April. For price and terms apply, on the premises to

Dec.16-tf. F. CORBIN.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county, for a Charter of Incorporation for "The African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church of Huntingdon," and said charter will be granted at January Court next, if there be no sufficient reason against the same.

T. W. MYTON,
Dec.16,1874. Prothonotary.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE JOURNAL.
Only $2.00 a year.

New To-Day.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

Estate of JACOB BAKER, deceased.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county the undersigned will expose to sale, on the premises, on

FRIDAY, JANUARY 8, 1875,

at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, all those two certain

FULL SIZED LOTS OF GROUND,

situate in the borough of Alexandria, Huntingdon county, Pa., fronting on Second street, in said borough, and extending back to an alley, being bounded on the north-west by lot occupied by German Reformed Parsonage, and on the south-east by lot of Margaret Newell. They are lots number 48 and 49 in the plan of said borough.

On one of the lots there is erected a large, convenient and complete

CARPENTER SHOP,

having been built by Mr. Baker, for his own use in carrying on an extensive business. On the other lot there is a good STABLE, and both lots are well supplied with

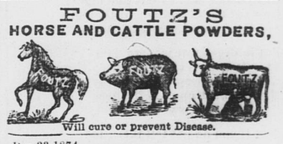
EXCELLENT FRUIT, GOOD WATER,

and every convenience to make it a desirable property, either for a dwelling house or for business purposes. The lots will be offered for sale separately.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money in hand, on confirmation of the sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments thereafter, with interest, to be secured by the judgments of the purchaser.

DAVID HARE,
Dec.23,1874.] Administrator of Jacob Baker.

FOUTZ'S
HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS,



Will cure or Prevent Disease.

Dec.23,1874.

STRAY HEIFER.

Came to the residence of the undersigned, in Warriorsmark township, Huntingdon county, Pa., a Red Heifer, about two years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law.

Dec.23-3t. M. & L. BECK.

W. H. DEARMITT, | W. J. GEISSINGER.
DEARMITT & GEISSINGER

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Represent the following standard Insurance companies:

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON, Capital, $10,000,000.

GERMAN AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Capital, $1,000,000.

GERMANIA FIRE INSURANCE CO., OF NEW YORK, Capital, $500,000.

PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT, Assets, $1,750,000.

AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE CO., PHILADELPHIA, Capital & Assets, $1,096,025.77.

METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW YORK.

AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF PHILADELPHIA.

THE HARTFORD ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY, OF HARTFORD, CONN., Capital, $200,000.

Office 416 Penn Street, 2d floor, room No. 3, Huntingdon, Pa.
Nov 25-3mos.

WANTED TO RENT—
A good Flour and Grist Mill. Address
dec2-4t.] "MILL," Lewistown, Pa.

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No. 6,
THE BEST
SEWING MACHINE
For Family or Manufacturing,
914 CHESTNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA.
AGENTS WANTED.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that on the 1st of December, 1874, I purchased at Sheriff's sale, all the property of Thomas L. Uttley, and I have left in his possession, and given him the use of the following, to wit: All the goods, notions and fixtures, in and belonging to the store, one cook stove and pipe, fourteen chairs, three beds and bedding, one safe, one doughtray, one cradle, one barrel and flour, one bran chest, and lot of carpet.

D. CLARKSON,
Dec. 9, 1874-3t. Cassville, Pa.

PROCLAMATION—Whereas, by a precept to me directed by the Judges of the Common Pleas of the county of Huntingdon, bearing test the 19th day of November, A. D., 1874, I am commanded to make public proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Common Pleas will be held at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, on the 3d Monday, (and 18th day,) of January, A. D., 1875, for the trial of all issues in said Court which remain undetermined before the said Judges, when and where all jurors, witnesses, and suitors in the trials of all issues are required.

Dated at Huntingdon, the 9th day of December in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and the 98th year of American Independence.

AMON HOUCK, SHERIFF.

HOLIDAY GIFTS!

HOLIDAY GIFTS.

The Journal Store

TO THE FRONT!

READ! AND THEN READ!

GO AND BUY!

We have just received, from Philadelphia and New York,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

FANCY ARTICLES,

SUITABLE FOR

HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

—SUCH AS—

PAPER MACHE
PAPER MACHE
WRITING DESKS, WRITING DESKS, WRITING DESKS,
GLOVE BOXES, GLOVE BOXES, GLOVE BOXES,
PAPER MACHE
PAPER MACHE
—HANDKERCHIEF BOXES,—
—HANDKERCHIEF BOXES,—
—HANDKERCHIEF BOXES.—

WORK BOXES, WORK BOXES, WORK BOXES, WORK BOXES, WORK BOXES.

VERY NEAT. WALNUT "JUST THE THING!"

WRITING DESKS, WRITING DESKS, WRITING DESKS, WRITING DESKS, WRITING DESKS.

Different Kinds. { Paper Weights and Clamps, / Paper Weights and Clamps, } Different Kinds.

FAMILY INKSTANDS, Family Inkstands,
POCKET INKSTANDS, Pocket Inkstands,
Cases of Water Colors, Cases of Water Colors.

Ebony Paper Knives. Ebony Paper Knives.

FAMILY INKSTANDS. Family Inkstands.
POCKET INKSTANDS, Pocket Inkstands.
Cases of Water Colors, Cases of Water Colors.

TRANSPARENT SLATES, TRANSPARENT SLATES,
FOR CHILDREN, FOR CHILDREN,

Very Fine Articles—Very Fine Articles!

Fancy Match Safes, Different Styles.
FANCY MATCH SAFES, DIFFERENT STYLES.
FANCY MATCH SAFES, DIFFERENT STYLES.
Nice Present for a Batchelor.

DIARIES DIARIES DIARIES
FOR 1875.
TWENTY DIFFERENT KINDS!
To suit Everybody!!
DIARIES DIARIES DIARIES

TOY BOOKS!

Covering at least forty different series. Enough to entertain all the Young Folks FROM DAN TO BEER-SHEBA! Varying in price from One Cent to One Dollar. Little Folks, here is your chance to get Fancy Picture Books cheap.

PAPER DOLLS. PAPER DOLLS.
Very Beautiful Articles.
The Little Girls can find amusement without end in these Novelties.

GAMES!
MILITAIRE, or REPUBLICAN CHESS,
BACKGAMMON, CHECKERS, PARCHEESI,
SNAP, AND MANY OTHERS.

STEAMBOAT, HIGHLAND, MOGUL, and other
PLAYING CARDS.
ALSO,
CONVERSATION CARDS. | CONVERSATION CARDS.

POCKET BOOKS!

All Styles and Sizes, and especially to suit the "Hard Times!"

DIME BOOKS. DIME BOOKS.
Dime Dream Book, Dime Song Book, Dime Joke Book, Dime Novels, and Dime Hoyle.

POETRY. POETRY.
DICK'S - - - - - - - - SHAKSPEARE,
DICK'S - - - - - - - - BYRON,
DICK'S - - - - - - - - MOORE,
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Memorandum Books and Minute Books!
Very Handsome. Very Convenient.

FINE PICTURES,
For pasting on any fancyarticle.

Ne Plus Ultra Papetrie, Centennial Note Papetrie, with Envelopes to match, and
1001 A THOUSAND AND ONE 1001
Substantial Articles which we cannot enumerate!

Just drop in, Opposite the New Post Office, and see our Stock.
No trouble to show Goods.

J. R. DURBORROW & CO.

New Advertisements.

PROCLAMATION—Whereas, by a precept to me directed, dated at Huntingdon, the 19th day of November, A. D. 1874, under the hand and seal of the Hon. John Dean, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer, and general jail delivery of the 20th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of Huntingdon, Blair and Cambria counties, and the Hon. Anthony J. Dexter and David Claybaugh, his associates, Judges of the county of Huntingdon, justices assigned, appointed to hear, try and determine all and every indictment made or taken for or concerning all crimes, which by the laws of the State are made capital, or felonies of death and other offences, crimes and misdemeanors, which have been or shall hereafter be committed or perpetrated, for crimes aforesaid—I am commanded to make public proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Oyer and Terminer, of Common Pleas & Quarter Sessions will be held at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, on the second Monday (and 11th day) of January, 1875, and those who will prosecute the said prisoners, be then and there to prosecute them as it shall be just, and that all Justices of the Peace, Coroner and Constables within said county, be then and there in their proper person, at 10 o'clock, a. m. of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and remembrances, to do those things which to their offices respectively appertain.

Dated at Huntingdon, the 9th day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four and the 98th year of American Independence.

AMON HOUCK, Sheriff.

$1 ONE PRICE TO ALL $1

THE NEW YORK WORLD.

The Democratic Paper of New York. The Cheapest and Best. Postage Prepaid by Us.

THE WEEKLY WORLD, ONE YEAR, ONE DOLLAR.

An extra copy to getter-up of club of ten. The Semi-Weekly to getter-up of twenty. The Daily to getter-up of club of fifty. All the great events of the past seven days is given in the weekly edition of THE WORLD (Wednesday), which contains, in addition to the news, many special features prepared expressly for it. The Agricultural department presents the latest experiments and experiences of practical men; full reports of the Farmer's Club of the American Institute, letters from practical farmers, and interesting discussions of profitable farming. The page for the family circle is of interest and amusement for the females during the long winter evenings. Full and trustworthy live stock, country produce, and general produce market reports show the state of trade.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY WORLD, ONE YEAR, TWO DOLLARS.

An extra copy to getter-up of club of ten. The Daily to getter-up of club of twenty-five.

The Semi-Weekly contains (Tuesdays and Fridays) all the contents of the Weekly, one or two features specially during the year, and all the events of the Daily Worlds.

"THE WORLD" AND ITS WORK.

[Binghamton Leader.]

Those of our Democratic friends who refuse to subscribe for a New York Paper will find none that equals The World in ability, or that so fearlessly and closely advocates Democratic principles. In the news from all par

Huntingdon Journal.

Wednesday Morning, Dec. 23, 1874.

READING MATTER ON EVERY PAGE.

Laws Relating to Newspaper Subscriptions and Arrearages.

The following is the law relating to newspapers and subscribers.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered wishing to continue their subscription.

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals, the publishers may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible until they have settled their bills, and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

5. The Courts have decided that "refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them unclaimed for, is *prima facie* evidence of intentional fraud.

6. Any person who receives a newspaper and makes use of it, whether he has ordered it or not, is held in law to be a subscriber.

7. If subscribers pay in advance, they are bound to give notice to the publisher, at the end of their time, if they do not wish to continue taking it; otherwise the publisher is authorized to send it on, and the subscriber will be responsible until an express notice, with payment of all arrears, is sent to the publisher.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Short Mention---Home-made and Stolen.

Bobble up your gobbler.

Look out for sneak thieves.

The beautiful" looks beautiful.

Don't scrub the pavements this cold weather.

Handsome cigar cases at the JOURNAL store.

The public schools have closed for the holiday season.

The shovel brigade was out in full force on Monday morning.

Wagner & Doyle have built an addition to their meat house.

"Pay the little bill that you owe us," is the Persal request.

The churches were not numerously patronized on last Sunday.

The *Cove Record* will be Blair county's next newspaper enterprise.

Henry L. McCarthy, esq., of West Huntingdon has been quite ill.

Old newspapers for sale at the JOURNAL Store, *right* cents per dozen. tf.

Old Infallitaire" is now sold at the JOURNAL office for $1.00. It is a capital chess.

Policeman Westbrook had seventeen chickens stolen from his coop on Friday night.

The Day Express was two hours behind time on Sunday last, owing to the snow we suppose.

Short dresses are coming into fashion again, and young ladies who have large feet are anxious.

The snow began falling on Sunday morning at an early hour, and continued to fall throughout the day.

You can make the hearts of the youngsters glad by buying their holiday presents at the JOURNAL Store.

When are the officers of the Agricultural Society to be elected? Farmers, keep an eye on this matter.

An endless variety of useful and pretty articles, for holiday presents, can be had at the JOURNAL Store.

The new iron bridge across the Juniata river, at Lewistown, is nearly completed, and will cost $34,000.

J. C. Heims' saw mill, at Osceola, was destroyed by fire Sunday a week ago. Loss $900; insurance, $2,000.

J. B. Williams & Co. have purchased the store formerly run by Benford & Ashcom, at Saltillesburg, Bedford county.

The editor of the *Local News* is convalescing. We hope that he may be able to resume his duties in a short time.

Rev. James Johnston is the happiest man in the region round about New Paris, Bedford county, and the cause is that it's a boy!

On the first of January the new Sheriff, Commissioner, Poor Director, Auditor, &c., enter on the duties of their respective offices.

Mr. John Sultzabarger, of Porter township, a week or so ago, shot a chicken hawk measuring four feet and four inches from tip to tip.

Two boys, named Ulrich and Buchanan, while skating on the river, at Lewistown, on Wednesday last, broke through the ice and were drowned.

A tonsorial knight, named Matthew Williams, died in Pittsburgh, the other day, leaving a fortune worth $30,000. Not a bad pile to *scrape* together.

Hon. R. M. Speer has been appointed on the select committee of investigation to visit Vicksburg, Miss., and take evidence in regard to the late riot in that city.

The JOURNAL Store has been crowded, almost constantly, for the last week. The people have found out where they can buy handsome Christmas gifts cheap.

Get your Sunday *Item* on Monday, or any other day throughout the week, at the JOURNAL news depot. It has more news, for five cents, than any other paper you can buy.

The gas company will make another draft on the first proximo. Only four dollars per thousand feet, that's all! A profit of about *three hundred per cent.* Who wouldn't own gas stock?

The poster stuck up about town, over the signatures of father and son—Chief Burgess and Secretary—when boiled down means simply: "Clean the snow from your pavements."

The Latta Guard, a military company, at Altoona, has been disbanded, by order of Gov. Hartranft, for lending their arms to the men engaged in the "pipe war" in Allegheny county.

Coal oil is said to be almost as cheap as daylight. Hundreds are using it. The dearest luxury known to our people is gas. If coal oil is so cheap why use gas? There is no risk with a patent safety lamp.

Charles F. Harris, editor of the Concord *Sun*, and a descendant of John Harris, the founder of Harrisburg, announces his intention to bring suit to recover the greater portion of the site of Harrisburg.

George Young, esq., is one of the cleverest conductors on the road between Altoona and Philadelphia. His good natured handsome countenance makes everybody feel comfortable, and consequently he is quite a favorite.

We have several invitations to balls, reunions, and, we scarcely know what all, which we must decline with thanks. Our exchequer is too low. We would like to participate but we haven't the "wind," so please excuse us.

Will. Taylor, son of the late Hon. Geo. Taylor, has been visiting his mother and friends in this place. He has been located in Canada for some time. He represents times as good over there in comparison with them here.

The toughest tale of the season comes from Bucks county, where two men, in cutting down a maple tree, seven feet in diameter, found imbedded in its heart a full grown sun fish, as perfect as though caught an hour before.

The gas monopoly "still holds out to burn." but private families are completing arrangements to banish gas until coal oil goes up. The people are getting in way not to patronize the company when it *does* lower the price.

With this issue of the JOURNAL we expect to part company with a number of subscribers who have not been generous enough to pay up, or sufficiently courteous to call and see us. Good bye! You will hear from us through the Tradesmens' Bureau.

This is a good year for girls. They have dropped about the town—or "come in by the one o'clock, A. M., train," as our little friend Charlie says—profusely. The latest addition found its way—the dear little dear—to the residence of our modest friend, John H. Glazier, esq.

The Report of A. J. Whitney, esq., who was employed by Council, to examine and report upon the probable expense of Water Works, will be found in another column. The figures are very satisfactory. Now let us go to work and raise the money and put men to work to enable them to earn bread for themselves and starving families.

A few orphans of soldiers, or motherless children of invalid soldiers, (boys or girls,) can enter the school and home at the National Homestead, at Gettysburg, Pa., free of all charges—early applications being made to Mr. J. Francis Bourns, No. 330 Walnut street, Philadelphia. Candidates must have good health, and be between five and twelve years of age.

A gentleman, named John Bailey, from the Cove, Blair county, was in this place one day last week, and his mammoth proportions rendered him an object of universal observation. Mr. Bailey's weight is 285 pounds, that of his wife a fraction less than 400, and their daughter, a blooming miss of fourteen summers, bears down the scales to the tune of 200. There is some weight in that household.

A couple of individuals, named Hicks, who vegetate near the Broad Top bridge, in Portstown, were lodged in jail, on Saturday last, for stealing chickens. Chief Miller informs us that their house was strewn with feathers from garret to cellar, their coop well filled with chickens, while a number of turkeys were found secreted in the cellar. They were engaged in the poultry business on an extensive scale.

The Sunday City *Item* can be had any day of the week, so that if any of our worthy friends desire to read it, on any secular day, they can be gratified. It is the cheapest paper, for the price, sold. It contains more gossip than any other Sunday paper published. Col. Fitzgerald knows what the people want. By the way we hope the Colonel and his able assistants will soon be in a position to give us a sprightly morning daily. We expect some day to find them in the finest office in Philadelphia, the *Ledger* not excepted.

One of our citizens took the cars, on Saturday evening, for Saxton, for the purpose of spending a pleasant time with his lady love. He was somewhat surprised to learn, when he reached that point, that she had taken the train for this place. Here was a dilemma. Twenty-two miles intervening between him and his heart's affections! but he was equal to the emergency, and, turning his face homeward, he started to walk the distance on the railroad, and arrived in this place, about five o'clock on Sunday morning, footsore and weary.

We have heard of a laboring man, with a large family, who is reported to have said that he and his family would starve before he would work for less than two dollars a day. Charity bestowed upon such a man would be very improperly bestowed. We have no sympathy for this class of men. We have known some of the best laborers in the land to work for fifty cents a day, to keep the wolf from the door, until the time come when they could do better. This was sensible. When a man shows a willingness to labor he merits the good opinion of those who give in charity.

MT. UNION ITEMS.—The *Herald* is entitled to credit for the following:

The side spires on the M. E. Church look well.

A Literary Society has been organized in Mt. Union.

It's bad enough, when boys play "shinny" on Sunday.

B. B. Drake is putting an addition to the house he purchased from Jacob Flasher.

The boy who was so badly injured at Matilda Furnace several weeks ago, will recover.

Rev. Pomeroy, of Newton Hamilton, has had a successful revival, many have been added to his church.

Posts and bars have been erected across the towpath in several places, between Mapleton and this place.

An Oyster Supper will be held in the Lecture Room of the Presbyterian Church on Christmas evening. All are invited.

D. S. Drake, operator of the P. R. R. and Robert Seibert, operator of the E. B. T. R. R. have put up wires between the two offices.

Who was the young man who bought oysters for a sick lady and eat them out of the bowl with his fingers as he walked along the street?

The shooting match on Broad Top, at the Hoover Farm proved to be rather a serious affair. A dispute arose between some of the parties. Mr. Fessler threw his gun on the ground and the hammer striking the ground, causing the gun to discharge. The ball passing through the house striking Mrs. Wetherson in the breast. At last accounts she was living, but the case is a serious one. Shooting matches are not very safe, in particular when Captain whisky is about.

And the *Times* to the following:

Chicken thieves are applying their avocation in this town. This business will be continued until some person gets into the penitentiary.

The Presbyterian church at Newton Hamilton has added 70 or 80 converts to its congregation, the result of a revival now in progress. In that number are included some of the most prominent men of the place.

For the last two years a large chicken hawk has been tormenting the marksmen of Mt. Union, by perching on an old dead tree in a field opposite the *Times* office, distance about 200 yards. The situation was such, that it was impossible to get any nearer without being observed. Yesterday morning the hawk was again perched on the tree, when Mr. George Bauman determined to try his skill. Setting down on the bank, and resting the end of his gun on the side of a tree, he drew a bead, and the hawk fell to the ground. He was a large one, measuring between four and five feet from tip to tip.

ITEMS FROM BROAD TOP.—On the 12th inst., near Broad Top City, at the residence of Wm. Witherson, who was having a shooting match, Mrs. Witherson was shot, accidentally, in the abdomen. The ball passed from the abdomen into the thigh, where it is now lodged. The wounded woman is considered out of danger.

On the evening of the 17th inst., at Coalmont, a man by the name of Stever, from Cassville, was attacked by Robert Woods, with a knife, and severely cut in several places. His wounds may not prove mortal, still he is dangerously hurt. Woods is not considered an offensive man when he is sober, but on this occasion he was intoxicated.

Mr. E. H. Green, the teacher of the Dudley higher school, is also engaged with a night school, which gives a good opportunity for the young men, who are employed through the day, to devote their evenings in the cultivation of their minds.

Mr. E. F. Gould is teaching the Minersville school, in Carbon township. He has sixty scholars, whose ages range from 6 to 17. On the 18th instant he had an exercise of declamation and singing, which was quite interesting. It is a good idea for the young to speak to their schools, as it prepares them for future life duties. *

HOW A NEWTON HAMILTONIAN WAS DONE UP IN THE ABSTRACT.—Newton Hamilton, Mifflin county, it is currently reported and believed, contains, within its narrow limits, the worst swindled man this side of sundown. It is believed that the two first letters of his name are Doctor Mahon. The Doctor, it appears, gathered together funds to the amount of $6,000, and placed them in the hands of a real estate agent in Baltimore to invest for him. Shortly afterwards the agent broke up operations in the Monumental city, and embarked for London, taking the Doctor's clever little deposit with him, to make him comfortable among the cockneys. The Doctor got wind of the little roguery someway, and plodded off to Baltimore to ascertain the truth of the matter. The thing didn't bear close inspection and the Doctor determined to secure legal assistance. He applied to some high priced, honorable member of the profession, who advised him to apply to the Chief of Police. The Doctor asked him the fee, and all further uneasiness upon that point was settled when he was told that it was $250! He paid it and hastened away to the Chief of Police, who in his turn, informed the Doctor that before he could take any interest in the matter, he must have $200 down! The Doctor socked up the $200 and then the noble Chief told him that he must telegraph, at once, to the Chief of Police of London, and head off the rhapscallion who had fled with his "ding-bats." This was business and the Doctor telegraphed. He paid $20 for the telegram! He received a reply. This cost him $25, but he got something tangible from the Londoner! He said he couldn't undertake the case for less than 40 per cent. of the money embezzled! And would anybody believe it, this mulish Doctor came away and refused this liberal offer at the hands of the cockney! We deeply sympathize with the Doctor and would suggest that when next he has money to invest that he trust his neighbors with it. It will unquestionably pay better in the end.

LOCK-UP REGISTER.—The following is a list of tramps for week ending Dec. 20:

MONDAY NIGHT, DEC. 14.

John Spenser, N. Y.	Pat Welch, Scranton.
Crum Collins, St. Louis.	John Thomas, Baltimore.
John Peters, Allegheny.	James Holeston, N. J.
Peter Sowder, Kansas City.	James Kelly, N. Y.
James Moran, Boston.	James Donahue, Phila.
James Thompson, N. J.	John Irwin, Baltimore.
James Heron, Phila.	John Wilson, N. Y.

TUESDAY NIGHT, DEC. 15.

John Coyle, Newark.	John Williams, Newcastle.
Mike Welch, Pittsburg.	Pat Welch, Indiana.
Mike Burns, Pittsburgh.	Robert Flynn, Pittsburgh.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, DEC. 16.

Wm. Jackson, Cotesville.	Wm. Hodd, Jersey City.
John Sullivan, Pittsburgh.	George Litz, Indiana.
James Cohen, Sunbury.	Pat Murphy, Lehigh.
James Ketter, Omaha.	Harry Yerter, Lancaster.
Jack Johnston, Pittsburgh.	James Flanegan, California.
James White, Seneca Falls.	

THURSDAY NIGHT, DEC. 17.

John Fox, Toledo.	W. Munson, N. J.
John M'Carty, Omaha.	John Irwin, Harrisburg.
James M'Elroy, Phila.	Geo. Twist, Jersey City.
George King, Buffalo.	Jared Myers, Phila.
Mike Murphy, Phila.	John Ward, Pittsburgh.
John Perkins, Pittsburgh.	Ed. Burk, Pittsburgh.

FRIDAY NIGHT, DEC. 18.

W. Edwards, Buffalo.	John Thomas, Centre co.
Henry Mudy, Ohio.	James Malone, N. Y.
Joseph Brown, Baltimore.	John Bare, Pittsburgh.
Henry Wilson, Baltimore.	Wm. Manard, Pittsburgh.
Harry Williams, Indiana.	Florene Duffy, Boston.
James Hagerty, Pittsburgh.	

SATURDAY NIGHT, DEC. 19.

Thomas Murphy, Reading.	John Collins, York, Pa.
James O'Rouke, N. Y.	

SUNDAY NIGHT, DEC. 20.

John Stone, Lancaster.	James Carney, Baltimore.
James Simmes, Pine Grove.	Adam Wanor, N. Y.
Harry Milntyre, Boston.	Pat Flasher, Baltimore.

DECALCOMANIA.—This is the name of a comparatively new art that is attracting considerable attention at the present time.—It consists in transferring pictures which have been printed upon paper in high and beautiful colors to any object one may wish to ornament, such as fans, work boxes, vases, flower pots, articles of furniture, &c. When transferred these pictures look as if painted upon the article ornamented, and they are much more attractive and beautiful than they would be if painted with a brush, unless executed by a very skillful artist; indeed this beautiful art offers a complete substitute for the process of hand painting for most purposes. The pictures embrace a great variety of subjects, such as heads, landscapes, animals, insects, flowers, comic figures, &c. The art is easily acquired, and children even soon become experts. Transferring these pictures is a charming pastime for old or young, and serves to cultivate a taste for the beautiful. We have received from J. L. Patten & Co., 71 Pine Street, New York, who are dealers in transfer pictures, some handsome samples of their goods. These gentlemen will, for the small sum of ten cents, send full instructions in this beautiful art, together with ten handsome samples of the pictures, or for fifty cents they will send one hundred attractive pictures.

THE STEAM WHISTLE NUISANCE.—The Board of Directors of the P. R. R. Company have issued a pamphlet containing over 100 pages of instruction to their employees. The following, which went into effect on Monday of last week, is a most sensible paragraph, and will be read with much pleasure by suffering people who live along the line of said road:

Unnecessary sound of the whistle is positively prohibited. While shifting at yards and stations the locomotive bell should be rung, and the whistle should not be sounded when passing a passenger train, except in case of emergency or danger. When passing or meeting trains on double track, siding, passing through tunnels, or through the streets or boroughs and cities, the bell must be rung instead of the whistle being blown.

AN EMPLOYEE BADLY HURT.—An employee of the Pennsylvania railroad company, named Josiah Fickes, of Newport, Perry county, was badly injured at the waste-weir below town, on Friday last, where he was engaged at a bridge. He, with others, were handling timber and two trains, from opposite directions, came upon them, one of the engines striking a piece of timber and throwing Fickes a considerable distance, breaking his shoulder blade and otherwise injuring him. He is now lying at Mrs. McCauley's, in West Huntingdon. He has a family of three children at Newport depending upon him. We are informed that his wife is in a lunatic asylum. This is a very sad case, and a worthy object upon which to bestow liberal charity.

A HANDSOME MONUMENT.—On passing the well-known marble yard of Col. William Williams, our attention was directed to some very beautiful blocks of white marble; and let us here say that there is no more appropriate emblem of a pure life than a piece of white stone. On inquiry we learned that they were designed for a monument to be erected to the memory of the late Mrs. Thomas Fisher, of this place. We were shown the design and we are free to say that it is one of the prettiest we have ever looked upon. It is composed of heavy, well-framed mouldings surmounted with a draped Urn. We are glad to know that it is to be placed in our Cemetery and that it will add one more to the many fine pieces of art sculptured by our friend Williams.

A HEIFER STOLEN.—On Monday night, of last week, some villain went to the stable of our friend, Benjamin Isenberg, Esq., of Porter township, and stole a three year old heifer—it is supposed for the purpose of making beef of her. She was in good order, weighing, it is supposed, about 325 pounds.—She was a pet of the family and her loss is very much regretted. Mr. Isenberg thinks the scoundrel must have been a very mean thief or he would not have undertaken to steal from parties up in the ridges. This is the boldest theft of the kind that we have had to record. We hope our friend may be able to catch the thief.

If you want any Magazine or Literary paper for the coming year, leave your order at the JOURNAL Store. tf.

H. G. FISHER, Esq., *Chairman Water Committee:*—The following Report and Estimate, for Water Supply for the Borough of Huntingdon, have been prepared from examinations made and data furnished.

A. J. WHITNEY,
Hydraulic Engineer.

Harrisburg, Nov. 6, 1874.

It might be desirable, perhaps, before entering upon a description of the Plan of Water Supply proposed, to state the reasons which led to its recommendation, and make a comparison of the merits of other systems which may be suggested; but assuming that a gravity supply is not available, the next system in order of merit is pumping, by water power, which is recommended.

The following plan of works is proposed.—The water for supply to be taken from the Juniata river, near the Huntingdon Dam, which is situated one and one-fourth miles north of the borough line.

The Water Power of the canal lock, at the dam, will be used for pumping the water into a Reservoir, which will be located at an eligible point on Warrior Ridge. The elevation of the reservoir will be two hundred and fifty feet above the level of the Pump Well, and the distance from the well to the reservoir about two thousand feet. The line of the pumping main will be in the direction of the town.

From the reservoir the water will be conducted through a 10-inch distributing main to the northern line of the borough; and thence through streets, to be designated by the Borough Council, to the south-eastern line of the borough.

The arrangement for the distribution to be determined by the Borough Council My estimate includes a main pipe through the town, and such additional pipes as will be necessary to amply supply present wants for domestic, sanitary and manufacturing purposes, and to effectually guard against fires, with the necessary stop-cocks and fire hydrants to make the same effectual.

The Works are designed to furnish a daily supply of 500,000 gallons, which will be sufficient for a population of twelve to fifteen thousand inhabitants, making liberal allowance for all purposes for which water will be used; and the plan of works contemplates an increase in the supply to any extent that may be required in the future.

Estimates are submitted, showing the work to be done, sufficiently in detail for your present purposes. When it is decided to go on and construct the Works, it will be necessary to prepare detail plans and fuller descriptions of the same.

The necessity for providing a supply of water for the borough of Huntingdon is apparent. The objectionable quality of water here obtained from wells (the only present source) is conceded. It is not necessary to resort to analyses to show that the water is unsuitable for either drinking, cooking or washing purposes. The soap test is a conclusive evidence of its unfitness.

For sanitary purposes, and for protection against fires, the necessities of a water supply are still more pressing. Manufacturers will not risk capital, and construct works, where no security against the ravages of fire are provided.

But few towns, possessing the present population of Huntingdon, are without a system of water supply and means of protection against fires. The city of Harrisburg, with a population of 6,000 in 1840, constructed water works which cost more than double the amount estimated for the Huntingdon Works.

The Water Company of the borough of Columbia, Pa., where there is a population of 8,000, built water works about 1824, and finding their gravity supply, which was then adopted, insufficient, have recently added pumping, by steam, from the Susquehanna river, to make up the deficiency. The revenue from their works, in 1873, was eleven thousand dollars.

The introduction of a supply of water will enhance the value of real estate greatly beyond the cost of the works, and the income from water, with the rapid increase of population following its introduction, will soon pay the interest on capital, and create a sinking fund for the redemption of the principal invested in building the works. Then you will enjoy all the advantages of an adequate supply of water for all necessary purposes without any increase of burdens. The rates of insurance against fires will be greatly reduced on the introduction of water.

If the plan of works prepared is adopted, they may be maintained at a very small annual expense.

The Pennsylvania Canal Company propose to grant the use of the water-power of the canal lock, at the Huntingdon dam, for one hundred dollars per year, and an arrangement may be made with the lock-keeper, in charge of the lock, to attend to the pumps and machinery; no other outlay or expense will be necessary for the maintenance of the works.

The luxuries of an abundant supply of pure water may be enjoyed alike by all classes of citizens, and when once possessed would not be parted with for any consideration. The elevation of the proposed reservoirs will be sufficient to guard against the spread of fires, in many cases without the use of fire engines, and also furnish delightful jets for fountains.

Objections have been raised to the turbid condition of the water of the Juniata river in time of floods. To obviate this the capacity of the works will be sufficient to suspend pumping a portion of the time during floods, and allow the water to settle. A division wall or partition in the reservoir is also proposed, to be so arranged that water may be drawn from one division, while in the other division it will be allowed to settle; either division of the reservoir may be drawn off alternately for the purpose of removing residuum that may settle at the bottom.

The reservoir will be favorably located for constructing filter beds, through which the water may pass before entering it, thus securing pellucid water of the purest quality at all times; should this addition to the work be thought advisable in the future.

ESTIMATE.

One 54-inch turbine water wheel	$ 1,000 00	
One set pumps and gearing	4,000 00	
Culvert under canal and pump well	2,500 00	
Fore bay, head gates and penstock	1,000 00	
Pump house and foundations	2,500 00	$11,000 00
Reservoir, of two millions gallons capacity, with partitions, influx and efflux pipes laid in cement masonery, including the necessary gates and stops	12,000 00	12,000 00
WATER PIPES.		
11,878 feet 10-inch pipes @2.23	26,725 50	
3,550 feet 8-inch pipes @1.75	5,212 50	
2,520 feet 4-inch pipes @80 cents	2,016 00	34,954 00
FIRE HYDRANTS AND STOP COCKS.		
Six 10-inch stop cocks @75.00	450 00	
Three 8-inch stop cocks @65.00	195 00	
Ten 4-inch stop cocks @35.00	350 00	
Twenty-five hydrants @40.00	1,000 00	1,995 00
For Engineering and contingencies	5,994 90	5,994 90
Total Estimate		$66,943 90

ADVERTISED LETTERS.—Letters remaining in the Post Office, at Huntingdon, December 18th, 1874:

Mrs. Kate Aelect, I. T. Coppock, J. W. Clouse, Miss Maria Creswell, Samuel Caldwell, Edwin W. Evans, Rev. John Fistler, Mrs. Florence Henderson, John Horn, jr., Graham Meadville, Miss Jennie Mitchell, Robert Montgomery, John Ross, Miss Margart Ramsy, Patrick Shields, J. A. Simpson, Benjamine Shepley, David Wasson, Laura Wolheater, G. Wilkins, Franz Wehrberger.

Persons desiring advertised letters forwarded must send *one cent* fee, for advertising.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD—*Report of Coal Shipped:*

	TONS
For week ending December 19, 1874	5,003
Same time last year	9,349
Increase for week	
Decrease for week	4,341
Total amount shipped to date	292,221
Same date last year	460,213
Increase for year 1874	
Decrease	167,992

WHY does the "Domestic" Sewing Machine continue to have a ready sale while other machines are a drag on the market in these times of stagnation and panic? The answer is just here: Because all experienced sewing machine men, and everybody else acknowledge the superiority of the "Domestic" over all other machines. And people knowing its superiorities, and seeing its merits will buy it and the investment is one that pays and is never regretted. nov.4tf.

FARMERS, LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST!—Your wives are wanting a good sewing machine. Now, Miller and Wilson will sell you a "Domestic" and receive in payment therefor all kinds of marketable produce, at the highest market prices. tf.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF MILLINERY GOODS.—Miss E. M. Africa has just returned from the east with a large and fashionable stock of bonnets, hats, notions, assortment of children's aprons, &c., &c. And every thing in her line. tf.

TO THE PUBLIC.—The members of the Ladies' Relief Society wish to inform our citizens that there are very many cases of want presented to our notice, requiring immediate assistance. We are well aware that many of our citizens (including members of this Society) have cases to relieve almost every day, at their own doors, but in the meantime, there are those who are unknown and have never before sought aid, (but owing to scarcity of labor are obliged to this winter) to be neglected? All are aware of the existence of this Society, and that the ladies have volunteered to search for these deserving-ones who do not come to our doors. The collection taken on Thanksgiving day amounted to about forty dollars, but with the demand already on our funds for coal, flour, clothing, &c., it will soon be exhausted. When, and in what way is relief to come? Unless money, clothing and provisions are put into the hands of this Society, their efforts are useless, and these persons will be obliged to seek aid at your doors. We appeal to the Public for contributions of money, clothing and provisions; to our merchants to send groceries and material, and they will be faithfully distributed. Send all contributions of clothing or provisions to Mrs. N. B. Corbin, in West Huntingdon, and to Mrs. Wm. H. Woods, in East Huntingdon, or to the Firemans' room, in the Engine House, on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock, as the Society meets every week in this room at the hour mentioned. We take the opportunity here of asking more of the ladies of our borough to attend these meetings, and assist in this benevolent work, as more aid will be needed. By order of the

LADIES RELIEF SOCIETY.

J. C. FLEMING & Co. have completed such arrangements that on and after the 1st of January they will be able to furnish country dealers with Castor Oil, Sweet Oil, Essences, Laudanum, Soaps, Toilet Articles, &c., &c., at Philadelphia prices. Address J. C. Fleming & Co., Huntingdon, Pa.

Mr. James Corrie, Dentist, in Baltimore, writes: 'I have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup personally and in my family for two or three years, and am prepared to say that there is nothing to compare to it as a remedy for Coughs, Colds, etc."

FROM PAT O'BRIAN.

MISTER EDITUR:—I guess ye's wonders what hes come ov ould Pat? Well, I hev been thrying me sowl's best till write a we bit of rhyme, but niver a rhyme can I make since the election. Et's knockd it clean out of me head, and me muse hes gone up salt river. I did not go meself, for I hed niver a vote and shure I hed no papers of nateralisation yet. Shure, tha made a great hand of it be castin Mr. Scott aside, and shure it's a bloody shame for till trate him so bad in his one county. I was askin ould Phagan what was the cause of the defate, an he said thet the party was jist like the weather-cock on ould Brown's barn; it turned ivery which way jist as the wund blew, "and then," said he, "ther's a power of fillows thet used to be Scott up till the virry eyes, but when Scott poured cold wather on thim they all turned Pratie Bugs." "What dez that mane," said I. "Why," said he, "Scott would not fesh for thim and thin they drap'd him like a hot pratis." Well, jist afther the election I met wid a Pratie Bug. "Pat," said he, "hev ye got a ticket for Salt River?" "Stap your mouth," said I. "I would not be safe in goin, for they say thet they hev left a power of felth and varmints up ther and they'v the siven year etch, too; ould Phagan says it's the office etch, but faith an me sowl I think its the laprosy and the white oreat that, and it'll clave till them durin life, for they hate nagers so." And what do ye think, a Pratie Bug come runnin wid a paper in hes hand crowin like me rid rooster. "Look here, Pat," said he, "at this pecture." "What is it," said I. "Why," said he, "its ould John Scott pantid like a big nager." "Out o' this," said I, "or I'll burn it before yer eyes. I would not hev the sin upon me to look at it. Whose paper is it?" said I. "It's the *Globe*," said he. "And was it the howly Praste thet made that pacture," said I "he's not fet till black Mr. Scott's boots, and he'd better be takin care of the orphins agin."

Oh, while I think of it, ye hev hed two of me namesakes in the lock-up. Well, it was not meself any way. Say, what hes become till ould Denis? I spose he's up Salt River, for I niver get the shake of a pen any more. Plase sind me the worth of the wee bit of money I'll send ye, in some nice pectures for me three bairns. Och, I'm as mad as blue blazes at the whole scrape of the Pratie Bugs for turnin against Mr. Scott, an shure he's jist the cleverist mon entirely, for niver would he meet me, but he'd say, "How 'd ye do, Pat," wid a warm shake of the hand. An now I will quit me dumb schribblin. Ye's will pardon all mistakes. Yours, foriver,

PAT O'BRIAN.

LETTER FROM SHIRLEYSBURG.

SHIRLEYSBURG, December 10, 1874.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—Ten eventful days in the last month of 1874 have come and gone. On the first the Directors of the Poor met at the Alms House, at this place. As they had not met for two long months a large amount of business was to be done. The price of beef and pork was to be arranged, a few orders issued, &c., but the most important was the organization for the coming year. Of course the retiring member was in for his share of appointments, and Gilbert must have his share, but Mr. Kyper, the only Republican on the Board, was no place. But to the appointments: John Logan, Potato Bug, was in for Steward; W. P. McNite, Democrat, Physician; Geo. Whitaker, Potato Bug, Clerk; A C. Gray, Democrat, Farmer;—Richardson and Horning voting together solid all the time. Now the undertaker was to be appointed, and James Doyl, Democrat, was nominated, and of course elected; Mr. Kyper voting for Wm. Drake. Mr. K. then claimed his right to something. Gilbert went and consulted his lords, and returning, said he would change his vote and vote for Mr. Drake, and he was elected, giving Mr. Kyper the important office of undertaker, with fifteen or twenty dollars in a year. As the amount of business was large, and "dad" giving good boarding, it took *two* days. Harris lingered until Thursday morning, and then, with a tear in his eye, he took a farewell leave, and for fear of not getting away safe, "dad" accompanied him to Mt. Union. Poor fellow!

Slaughtering hogs has been the order this week. It has became very common to have a jug of wine or "rot-gut" whiskey for butchering days. One party we are told, got so full that that they could not weigh the hogs. At another place one man got so full of wine that he laid on the settee from noon until about 3 o'clock, p. m. Some boys got a watch guard, put it to a pig's tail and fixed it in his pocket for a watch. At another, a little girl told at school that her brother drank so much wine he said some very ugly things at the table when he was eating his dinner. She said he got to the jug and took too much. It this was the last week instead of the first of the month, we would think it was a Christmas spree, but we have heard it said that if men eat too much of any kind of flesh they become, to some extent, like the animal. Perhaps working among the blood and grease has a like effect.

Mr. Peter Houser brought a large buck to town, on Wednesday, killed by Thos. Vonghen, of Black Log Valley, and sold it to J. A. Kerr.

A party of seven or eight of the champion hunters of the town started for Black Log Mountain, on Tuesday morning, armed with guns, axes and other tools, intent on building a bear trap. We believe the party have all got back safe, but the bear has not come in yet.

The Grangers paraded the streets, last week, making quite an imposing appearance. A supper was had in the Lodge room in the evening. As we are not one of them we cannot report from that quarter.

The Odd Fellows here have disposed of their Lodge room, and are fitting up a new one, much larger and more convenient, and have it nearly ready for occupancy.

East Broad Top coal is in general use here and gives satisfaction. It sells, at retail, at $2.50 per ton, run of Mine.

The farmers are threshing out their wheat crop. It yields better than was anticipated. The growing crop looks well. *

FROM UNION TOWNSHIP.

MR. EDITOR—*Dear Sir:* I presume you would favor an item from poor disgraced Union—we have a desperate record politically, that is true, but hope we may all live to see the day when we will redeem our character, and act common sense once more.

I hear Judge Clarkson, Trustee to sell the real estate of Michael Wright, deceased, on Saturday last, sold the Mansion farm of said deceased, to Samuel Decker, for something over $2100; rather a moderate price, as it is one of the most desirable farms in Hare's Valley, but as it has fallen into good hands, I believe it gives general satisfaction to all concerned.

It is rumored that some of our good citizens are going to make a Porter township case, out of our local bounty arrangement, if so, there is some of the fun ahead that we read of.

It is also rumored that Cass township, up in the Hare's Valley side, are going to contribute largely to the interest of our next Court, as they are binding over a great part of their citizens for their appearance, that does not look as if the panic had struck there yet.

A fool and his turkey, soon parted, that is Guss Wright.

Respectfully, yours,

JETHROW.

CENTAUR LINIMENT.

There is no pain, which the Centaur Liniments will not relieve, no swelling they will not subdue, and no lameness which they will not cure. This is strong language, but it is true. They have produced more cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, lock-jaw, palsy, sprains, swelling, caked breasts, scalds, burns, salt-rheum, ear-ache, &c., upon the human frame, and of strains, spavin, galls, &c., upon the animals in one year than have all other pretended remedies since the world began. They are counter-irritant, all healing pain relievers. Cripples throw away their crutches, the lame walk, poisonous bites are rendered harmless and the wounded are healed without a scar. The recipe is published around each bottle They sell as no article ever before sold, and they sell because they do just what they pretend to do. Those who now suffer from rhumatism, pain or swelling deserve to suffer if they will not use Centaur Liniment, white wrapper. More than 1000 certificates of remarkable cures, including frozen limbs, chronic rheumatism, gout, running tumors, &c., have been received. We will send a circular containing certificates, the recipe &c., gratis, to any one requesting it. One bottle of the yellow wrapper Centaur Liniment is worth one hundred dollars for sparined or sweenied horses and mules or for screw-worm in sheep. Stock-owners—these liniments are worth your attention. No family should be without them 'White wrapper for family use;" Yellow wrapper for animals. Sold by all Druggists. 50 cents per bottle; large bottles, $1.00. J. B. Ross & Co., 53 Broadway, New York

CASTORIA is more than a substitute for Castor Oil. It is the only *safe* article in existence which is certain to assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, cure wind-colic and produce natural sleep. It contains neither minerals morphine or alcohol, and is pleasant to take. Children need not cry and mothers may rest.

For sale by JOHN READ & SONS.
Oct.15,1875-1y.

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

Corrected Weekly by Henry & Co

WHOLESALE PRICES.
HUNTINGDON, PA. December 22, 1874.

Superfine Flour	$5 00
Extra Flour	5 50
Family Flour	5 75
Red Wheat	1 10
White Wheat	1 15
Rye per bushel	80
Barley	60
Butter	30
Brooms ₱ doz	2 50
Beeswax ₱ pound	30
Beans ₱ bushel	2 40
Beef	6
Cloverseed ₱ 64 pounds	5 00
Bark ₱ cord on car new	70
Corn shelled new	80
Chickens ₱ lb	6
Corn Meal ₱ cwt	2 00
Candles ₱ lb	12½
Cranberries ₱ quart	15
Dried Apples ₱ lb	6
Dried Cherries ₱ lb	17
Dried Beef	17
Eggs	20
Feathers	75
Flaxseed ₱ bushel	1 00
Hops ₱ pound	25
Hams smoked	12½
Shoulder	10
Side	12½
Hay ₱ ton new	18 00
Land ₱ lb new	12½
Large onions ₱ bushel	1 25
Oats	40
Potatoes ₱ bushel new	80@100
Plaster ₱ ton ground	18 00
Rye, new	1 00
Rye Chop ₱ cwt	2 10
Rye Straw ₱ bundle	12
Wool washed	40@45
Wool unwashed	25@30

Philadelphia Produce Market.

The inquiry for Flour is quite limited, being confined to the wants of the local trade. Sales at $3.75a4 for superfine; $4a4.75 for extras; $

The Huntingdon Journal.

Farm and Household.

Medical Properties of Eggs.

The white of an egg has proved of late the most efficacious remedy for burns.—Seven or eight successive applications of this substance sooth the pain and effectually exclude the burn from the air. This simple remedy seems preferable to collodion, or even cotton. Extraordinary stories are told of the healing properties of a new oil which is easily made from the yolk of hens' eggs. The eggs are first boiled hard, the yolks are then removed, crushed, and placed over a fire, where they are carefully stirred until the whole substance is just on the point of catching fire, when the oil separates and may be poured off.—It is in general use among the colonists of Southern Russia as a means of curing cuts, bruises and scratches.—*Boston Journal of Chemistry.*

New Advertisements.

1875 THE 1875

PITTSBURG COMMERCIAL.

A Political, Literary, Commercial and General Newspaper, Devoted to the Best Interests of the People.

IN POLITICS, The COMMERCIAL will hereafter, as heretofore, be devoted to the support of Republican principles, maintaining its independence *within* the Republican Party, and claiming the right at all times to speak freely and fearlessly on the merits of men and measures. Party government is essential to a constitutional country, and journals claiming to be independent of party are usually also independent of principle. Faithful to the great convictions and aims upon which the Republican Party was based, it is the mouthpiece of no clique or faction, supporting the party solely because it believes that party is founded on Right and Justice.

THE EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT of the COMMERCIAL will contain, from day to day, contributions from able writers upon all subjects—Political, Literary, Scientific, Legal, Commercial, Foreign and Local—in which its views will be set forth plainly and independently, keeping in view the prime aim of the paper, which is the best interests of all sections of the country.

ITS NEWS DEPARTMENTS will always contain brief but accurate reports of all the occurrences of the day. Liberal expenditures will be made in securing special telegrams and correspondence from the great news centres of the country, so that the readers of the COMMERCIAL can always rely on being served with early and reliable news.

In the department devoted to the publication of Local News will be found a complete daily history of the city and its environs, gathered by a corps of careful writers and set forth in attractive style.

THE MARKETS will, as heretofore, receive careful attention. Full telegraphic reports of the State Business, with Prices Current, will be received daily from the Trade Centres of this country and Europe. The Pittsburg Market, in all its branches, will be reported fully and accurately. As a commercial journal the COMMERCIAL stands second to no paper in the country.

The Financial Column will give daily the ruling rates for money, and the prices of Stocks and Bonds at all the great trading points, with much interesting statistical matter.

INTERESTING MISCELLANY, Embracing Poems, Sketches, Incidents of Travel, etc., will find a place in the COMMERCIAL, furnishing abundance of instruction and amusement for the family circle.

TERMS FOR THE DAILY COMMERCIAL.

Postage Free to Subscribers.

By mail, per annum.....$10 00
By mail, for six months.....5 00
By mail, for three months.....2 50
By mail, for one month.....1 00

We beg to state that Postage will be paid at this office, free, on all Editions of THE COMMERCIAL, sent to Subscribers, under the new Law to take effect on the 1st of January, 1875.

THE WEEKLY COMMERCIAL!

A paper for the Farmer, the Mechanic, the Manufacturer, will contain in condensed form all the NEWS OF THE DAY, including the Proceedings of Congress, and of the Legislatures of Neighboring States, Interesting Correspondence, Choice Selections, and complete weekly MARKET REPORTS specially prepared for it. The WEEKLY COMMERCIAL will be sent Postage Free to Subscribers.

☞ Each Subscriber, at $2 00 per year, will also be entitled to a copy of our new

ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY MAGAZINE,

one of the handsomest and best publications of the kind in existence.

TERMS FOR 1875. WEEKLY COMMERCIAL.

(Postage Pre-Paid).

One Copy, One Year, including Magazine.....$2 00

CLUB RATES:

Five Copies, per annum, each.....$1 75
Ten Copies.....1 50
Twenty Copies.....1 25

and one extra copy to the getter up of the Club.

Additions may be made to a Club at any time during the year, at the Club price, the subscriptions continuing a full year from the time the additions shall have been made.

☞ Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

The prices are invariable. Terms—CASH in advance. Remit in drafts or Postoffice Money Orders, if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send the money in a registered letter.

☞ Specimen Copies sent free. Address all orders and letters to THE COMMERCIAL,
Dec.9-2t. Pittsburgh, Pa.

EVERYBODY'S OWN PHYSICIAN

by C. W. GLEASON, M. D. A magnificent volume of 496 octavo pages—beautifully illustrated and elegantly bound. Contains matter just adapted to the wants of every family. Over 250 engravings. One agent sold 100 copies in one week, another 36 in three days and another 25 in four days. Circular, with Complete Index, free. Liberal discounts and exclusive territory. Address at once H. N. McKinney & Co., Publishers, 725 Sansom St., Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED!

Medals and Diploma Awarded.

For HOLMAN'S NEW PICTORIAL BIBLES,

1300 Illustrations. Address for circulars A. J. HOLMAN & CO., 930 Arch Street, Phila.

FELT CARPETINGS, 35 cts. per yard. FELT CEILING for rooms in place of Plaster. FELT ROOFING and SIDING. For samples, address C. J. FAY, Camden, New Jersey.

THE WEEKLY SUN, A large, eight-page, independent, honest and fearless newspaper, of 56 broad columns, especially desifned for the farmer, the mechanic, the merchant and the professional man, and their wives and children. We aim to make the WEEKLY SUN the best family newspaper in the world. It is full of entertaining and instructive reading of every sort, but prints nothing to offend the most scrupulous and delicate taste. Price $1.20 per year, postage prepaid. The cheapest paper published. Try it. Address THE SUN, New York City.

108 VIRGINIA FARMS.

Descriptive list and interesting information to all looking for desirable homes. Great bargains. Mild winters and many inducements. Growing seasons long, consuming ones short. Adrress WM. P. MOORE & CO., Suffolk, Va.

"PSYCHOMANCY, OR SOUL CHARMING."

How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies. A queer book. 100,000 sold. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., Publishers, Philadelphia. April22-4t.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Terms free. Address, GEO. STINSON & Co., Portland, Me.

$77 A week guaranteed to Male and Female Agents, in their locality. COSTS NOTHING to try it. Particulars Free. P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

MOST EXTRAORDINARY

Terms of Advertising are offered for Newspapers in the State of

WEST PA.

Send for list of papers and schedule of rates. Address

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., ADVERTISING AGENTS,

No. 41 Park Row, New York.
REFER TO EDITOR OF THIS PAPER. Dec.2-4t.

ELEGANT RECEIPT BOOKS

AT THE

JOURNAL BLANK BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE

BLANK BOOKS,

LEDGERS,
DAY-BOOKS,
JOURNALS,
RECEIPT BOOKS,
BILL BOOKS,
POCKET BOOKS,
PASS BOOKS,
TIME BOOKS,
MEMORANDUMS,
DIARIES,
LEASES,
DEEDS,
LIENS,
BONDS,
TAGS,
LABELS,
WARRANTS,
SUMMONS,
BLANK FORMS,
ATTACHMENTS,
SUBPŒNAS,
JUDGMENTS,
CERTIFICATES,
MORTGAGE,
EXEMPTION and PROMISORY NOTES.

WRITING PAPER,

Cap, Letter-Cap, Legal, Record, Bill Paper, Post, Sermon, Note, Billet, Mourning, Initial, and French Papers. ENVELOPES: White Amber, Corn, Canary, Orange, Gold, Light Buff, Dark Buff, French, Mourning, Legal, Document.

Pens and Pencils, Pencil Cases, Crayon, Erasers, Jounce, Paper Cutters, Paper Holders, Clips, Bill-Files, Inkstands, Fluid, Inks and Mucilage.

EVERYBODY SHOULD HAVE ONE.
COME AND SEE.

Miscellaneous.

FURNITURE FURNITURE

THE largest, best selected and cheapest stock of FURNITURE, ever offered to the people of Huntingdon county, at

BROWN & TYHURST,

At No. 525, PENN Street, HUNTINGDON, PA.

We have a large stock of the Spring trade *bought for cash*, at panic prices, which consists in part of

Parlor Suits,
Walnut Chamber Suits,
Dressing Case Suits,
Cottage Chamber Suits,
Bedsteads, Bureaus,
Single & Double Enclosed Washstands,
Thirty Styles of Rocking Chairs,
Cane and Wood Seat Chairs,
Corner Cupboards, Sinks,
Doughtrays, Extension Tables,
Dining & Breakfast Tables,
Picture Frames,
Mouldings,
Mirrors,
Mattresses,
&c., &c., &c.,

and a general variety of everything in our line.

We defy competition in style, quality, quantity and price. We buy for CASH, and can successfully compete with city prices.

Give us a call and examine our styles and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

March 18, 1874-3mos.

STEAM ENGINE AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT FACTORY.

No. 1001, Washington Street, Huntingdon, Pa.,

J. A. POLLOCK, Proprietor.

Manufactures and furnishes Machinery for all kinds of machine work.

Special attention given to fitting up a cheap class of Machinery, designed for small manufacturers. Second-hand Engines and Machinery at low prices. Drawings for Machinery and Patterns for castings made to order.

ENGINES and MACHINERY set up, and CYLINDERS bored out without moving from bed, in any part of the country.

Agent for Kreider, Zindgraff & Co., Millwrights and Machinests, who build and completely furnish mills of every kind. Employing mechanics who thoroughly understand their trade, satisfactory work will always be produced.

A Blanchard Spoke Lathe for sale at a very low price.

April22-tf.

HUEY & CHRIST,

SUCCESSORS TO KRYDER & CO.

To those interested in the purchase of a strictly

PURE RYE WHISKY,

for medical purposes we offer

BAILEY'S PURE RYE,

price $2 to $6 per gallon, and will ship in packages to suit purchasers.

We also handle largely a

COPPER DISTILLED WHISKY,

price from $1.50 to $1.75.

We import

FINE WINES, BRANDIES AND GIN,

and also manufacturers of

DR. STOEVER'S

TONIC HERB BITTERS.

Send for Price List.

HUEY & CHRIST,
121 North Third Street, Philadelphia.
June24,1874-1yr.

GOODS FOR THE MILLION AT THE

WEST HUNTINGDON BAZAR,

Corner of Ninth and Washington Streets.

This establishment has just received a large and varied assortment of seasonable goods, consisting in part of

DRY GOODS,

DRESS GOODS,

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS,

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS, CAPS, HOSIERY,

and all articles usually found in a first-class store.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine goods and prices.

Don't forget the place, corner Ninth and Washington streets, West Huntingdon, Pa.

G. W. JOHNSTON & CO.

Oct.15,1873.

DRUGS, DRUGS, DRUGS.

S. S. SMITH & SON,

No. 616 PENN STREET, HUNTINGDON, PA

Dealers in

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Toilet and Fancy Articles, Trusses, Supporters and Shoulder Braces, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Carbon Oil Lamps, &c.

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes

Also, Agent for The Davis Vertical Feed Sewing Machine. Best in the world for all purposes.

Aug.20,1873.

VINEGAR BITTERS.

PURELY VEGETABE.

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of Vinegar Bitters?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of Vinegar Bitters in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflamation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters act on all these cases in a similar manner. By purifying the Blood they remove the cause, and by resolving away the effects of the inflammation (the tubucular deposits) the affected parts receive health, and a permanent cure is affected.

If men will enjoy good health, let them use Vinegar Bitters as a medicine, and avoid the use of alcoholic stimulants in every form.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

Druggists and General Agents, San Francisco, California, and cor. Washington and Charlton Sts., New York.

Sold by JOHN REED & SONS.
Oct.8,1873.

Whisky is unchanged. Sales of western iron bound at 98½c.

MEMORANDUMS, PASS BOOKS, and a thousand and one other useful articles, for sale at the *Journal Blank Book and Stationery Store.*

GO TO THE JOURNAL OFFICE for all kinds of printing.

COLORED PRINTING DONE AT the Journal Office at Philadelphia prices

Ready-made Clothing.

OLD BROAD TOP CORNER

COMES TO THE RESCUE!

CLOTHING FOR THE MILLON!

FOSTER & CARMON.

On Allegheny Street, two doors East of Union Depot,

Have just received one of the largest assortments of Clothing ever brought to Huntingdon. Their stock consists of all the

NEW STYLES of SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING,

Gentleman's FURNISHING Goods,

HATS AND CAPS, TRUNKS AND SATCHELS,

And everything pertaining to Clothing Business. They sell everything CHEAP FOR CASH. Give them a call, and ascertain for yourself. May20-6mos.

GRAND EXPOSITION

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

AT

H. GREENBERG'S

NEW STORE, next door to the Post Office, Huntingdon, who has now in store the largest and most desirable stock of seasonable goods, for

MEN AND BOYS

that has ever been opened in Huntingdon. The stock consist of

BLACK CLOTHS, DOE SKINS, ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH DOMESTIC AND FANCY CASSIMERES,

which will be made up in the best style and in his peculiarly neat fit and durable manner.

If you want a good suit of cloths cheap,
Call at H. GREENBERG'S.

If you want a good Childs suit (from 2 years up,)
Call at H. GREENBERG'S.

If you want a good Boys suit,
Call at H. GREENBERG'S.

If you want a good Youths suit,
Call at H. GREENBERG'S.

If you want a good Suit made to order,
Call at H. GREENBERG'S.

If you want a nice line Gents Furnishing Goods,
Call at H. GREENBERG'S.

Also, Cassimeres sold by the yard,
At H. GREENBERG'S.

Tilors Trimmings of all kinds for sale,
At H. GREENBERG'S.

ALL GOODS WARRANTED as REPRESENTED
April30.1873-1y.

Miscellaneous.

100,000

ENVELOPES

JUST RECEIVED

AT JOURNAL STATIONERY STORE.

Also,

BLANK BOOKS, all kinds,

ENVELOPES, every description.

Call and examine our stock of goods before purchasing elsewhere.

SOMETHING NEW.

FIRST NATIONAL BAKERY.

OPPOSITE THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

Here is the place to buy your BREAD, CAKES and GROCERIES, and to get the worth of your money. Fruit, fresh and canned, the best COFFEE, SUGAR, SYRUPS, CHEESE.

CENTENNIAL SAUCE,

CENTENNIAL CELERY SALT,

CONFECTIONARIES BEST QUALITY,

JELLIES, FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

Wheat, Bran and Rye Bread, baked daily, Cakes for parties, baked to order. All orders will be delivered if required. Give us a call.

july29-6mos.] WILLIAM SMITH.

MILNWOOD ACADEMY

Will resume work on September 2d, 1874. Students are prepared for College, Business or Teaching. Winter term opens on Monday, January 5th, 1875.

For particulars write to

R. S. KUHN,
July29,1874rlyr.] Shade Gap, P.

WILLIAM H. KENNEDY

WITH

GEYER & CARPENTER,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

TOBACCO, SEGARS, SNUFF,

AND

SMOKERS' ARTICLES,

No. 7 North Third Street, PHILADELPHIA.

J. H. GEYER,
H. C. CARPENTER. [may13,1874-1yr.

EYE CUPS.

SPECTACLES RENDERED USELESS.

Dr. J. Ball & Co.'s Patent Eye Cups restore impaired vision, cures near sightedness, sometimes blindness, and many other diseases of the EYE. Furnished by

REV. S. A. CREVELING,
M'Veytown, Mifflin county, Pa.

Sole agent for Mifflin, Huntingdon, Blair and Juniata couties. June24-6mos.

LEWIS RICHTER,

FASHIONABLE

BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,

in old JOURNAL building, Fifth street, Huntingdon, Pa. Good fits guaranteed in all cases.

Aug.12-1yr.

MARBLEHEAD WOOLEN FACTORY.

NEAR M'ELEVY'S FORT,

Huntingdon county, Pa.

The subscriber takes pleasure in informing his friends and the public generally that he manufactures

BLANKETS, CASSIMERS, SATINETTS,

Jeans, Flannels and Stocking and other Yarns, and everything usually manufactured in a Country Factory, which he will exchange for Wool or Cash, at fair prices.

B. A. GIBBONEY.

Aug.19,'74-1yr.

60 CHOICE BUILDING LOTS!

60 Choice BUILDING LOTS, in Taylor's Addition to West Huntingdon," for sale.

Apply to

tf. JOHN F. MILLER.

Pianos.

PATENT

ARION

PIANO

COMBINES MANNER'S FOUR

SIMPLIFYING PATENTS.

THE MOST VALUABLE PATENTS EVER USED IN PIANO-FORTES.

PATENT ARION.

REVERSED

WOODEN

AGRAFFE.

THE

COMPOUND

REST

PLANK.

THE

FULL

IRON

FRAME.

AND THE

SUSTAINING

IRON

BAR.

A FEW REASONS

WHY THE

ARION PIANO

IS SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS:

The ARION PIANO-FORTE has greater power than any other Piano-Forte manufactured.

It will Stand in Tune Longer,

and in its mechanical construction it is more perfect, and, therefore, more durable, than any instrument constructed in the usual modern style.

The arrangement of the Agraffe, the manner of stringing, the peculiar form and arrangement of the Iron Frame

SUPERCEDES ALL OTHERS

The use of a bar (which is a part of the Iron Frame on a line with the heavy steel stringing,) gives

GREAT STRENGTH

where most needed, and in this respect all other pianoes fail.

The construction of the WREST PLANK, into which the tuning Pins are inserted, is such that it is impossible for the pins to come loosened, or the Wrest Plank itself to split, as is too often the case in other Piano-Fortes.

The Extraordinary Evenness

throughout the scale, the excellent Singing Quality, the

LENGTH AND PURITY OF VIBRATION,

all go to prove what we claim, viz: that the

ARION PIANO-FORTE

Is the Best Instrument Manufactured.

ALSO

ESTEYS COTTAGE ORGANS,

WITH THE

VOX JUBILANT

AND

VOX HUMANA.

THE NE PLUS ULTRA OF

REED ORGANS,

universally acknowledged to be the BEST Organ made for Sunday Schools, Churches, Parlors and Lodges.

Having more power, with a sweeter tone, than any other Organ in the market notwithstanding the representations of agents interested in the sale of other Organs, *we do fully warrant every Organ for the period of five years, (at our own expense.)*

Send your orders to

E. M. BRUCE,
No. 18 N. 7th Street,
Philadelphia, Pa., or
JAMES A. BROWN, Agent for Huntingdon County, No. 525½ Penn street, Huntingdon, Pa.

no15

Travellers' Guide.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILROAD

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

NOVEMBER 9, 1874.

Trains leave Harrisburg, as follows:

For New York, at 5.20, 8.10 a. m. and 2.00 and *7.40 p. m.
For Philadelphia, at 5.20, 8.10, 9.45 a. m. 2.00 and 3.50 p. m
For Reading, at 5.20, 8.10, 9.45 a. m. 2.00, 3.50 and 7.40 p. m.
For Pottsville, at 5.20, 8.10 a. m. and 3.50 p. m. and via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Branch at 2.40 p. m.
For Allentown, at 5.20, 8.10 a. m. 2.00 3.50 and 7.40 p. m.
The 5.20, 8.10 a. m. and 2.00 and *7.40 p.m. trains have through cars for New York.
The 8.10 a. m. and 2.00 p. m. trains have through cars for Philadelphia.

SUNDAYS:

For New York, at 5.20 a. m.
For Allentown and Way Stations at 5.25 a. m.
For Reading, Philadelphia and Way Stations at 1.45 p. m.

Trains for Harrisburg, leave as follows:

Leave New York, at 9.00 a. m. 12.40, 5.30 and *7.45 p. m.
Leave Philadelphia, at 9.15 a. m. 3.40 and 7.15 p. m.
Leave Reading, at 4.30, 7.40, 11.20 a. m. 1.50 6.15 and 10.45 p. m.
Leave Pottsville, at 5.55, 9.00 a. m. and 4.20 p. m. and via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Branch at 8.05 a. m.
Leave Allentown, at 2.30, 5.50, 8.50 a. m. 12.25, 4.35, and 9.10 p. m.
The 2.30 a. m. train from Allentown and the 4.30 a. m. train from Reading do not run on Mondays.

SUNDAYS:

Leave New York at 5.30 p. m.
Leave Philadelphia at 7.15 p. m.
Leave Reading at 4.30, 7.40 a. m. and 10.45 p. m.
Leave Allentown at 2.30 a. m. and 9.10 p. m.
*Via Morris and Essex Railroad.

Jan.14,1874-tf. J. E. WOOTTEN, *General Superintendent.*

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after SUNDAY, June 28th, 1874, trains will leave Harrisburg as follows:

NORTHWARD.

ERIE MAIL 3.25, a. m., to Erie, Elmira, Canandaigua to the Falls.
NIAGARA EXPRESS 10.45 a. m., to Buffalo and the Falls via. Emporium and via. Canandaigua.
ELMIRA EXPRESS 1.20 p. m, to Williamsport and Elmira.
FAST LINE 5.00 p. m., to Williamsport and Lock Haven.

SOUTHWARD

FAST LINE 3.10 a. m., Daily.
BALTO. ACCOM 6.55 a. m., daily except Sunday.
MAIL 3.25 p. m., daily.
NIAGARA EXPRESS 11.05 p. m., daily except Sunday.

Trains north leave daily except Sunday.

For further information, tickets and baggage checks, apply at the ticket office in the Pennsylvania Depot, Harrisburg.

A. J. CASSATT,
General Manager.

D. M. BOYD. Jr.,
General Pass Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

Summer Arrangement.

WESTWARD					STATIONS.	EASTWARD		
MAIL	PITTSBURG EXPRESS	WAY PASSENGER	PACIFIC EXPRESS			HARRISBURG ACCOM.	MAIL	ATLANTIC EXPRESS
P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
5 02	.....	11 35	7 07		N. Hamilton	8 27	5 11	.....
5 09	.....	11 42	7 12		Mt. Union	8 20	5 05	7 54
5 17	.....	11 49	.....		Mapleton	8 13	4 56	.....
5 26	.....	11 57	.....		Mill Creek	8 05	4 49	.....
5 40	2 39	12 10	7 37		HUNTINGDON	7 52	4 35	7 30
6 00	.....	12 31	7 53		Petersburg	7 36	4 20	.....
6 06	.....	12 41	.....		Barree	7 27	4 11	.....
6 17	.....	12 50	8 07		Spruce Creek	7 22	4 05	.....
6 31	.....	1 05	.....		Birmingham	7 12	3 52	.....
6 39	3 20	1 13	8 21		Tyrone	7 04	3 45	6 45
6 51	.....	1 26	.....		Tipton	6 56	3 36	.....
6 57	.....	1 32	.....		Fostoria	6 50	3 30	.....
7 02	.....	1 38	8 43		Bell's Mills	6 47	3 26	6 30
7 40	3 55	2 20	9 20		Altoona	6 30	3 10	6 15
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

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jauy,-7o13] H. McMANIGILL.

Miscellaneous.

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Jan.1,1873-1y.

Miscellaneous.

1874. 1874.

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